PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PLANO, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2014

PREPARED BY

CHRISTIE TATE
ACCOUNTING & BUDGET DIRECTOR

LINDA MADON
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL SERVICES



PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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CERTIFICATE OF THE BOARD

Plano Independent School District	Collin	043-910
Name of School District	County	County-District No.
	·	•
We, the undersigned, certify that the a	ttached annual fina	soial raparts of the above
named school district were reviewed an		
the year ended June 30, 2014 at a med		
district on 4th day of November 20		Tradicate of each contest
Yayer Hermoly	7.08	yl
Signature of Board President	Signature of E	Board Vice President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving the report is (are):





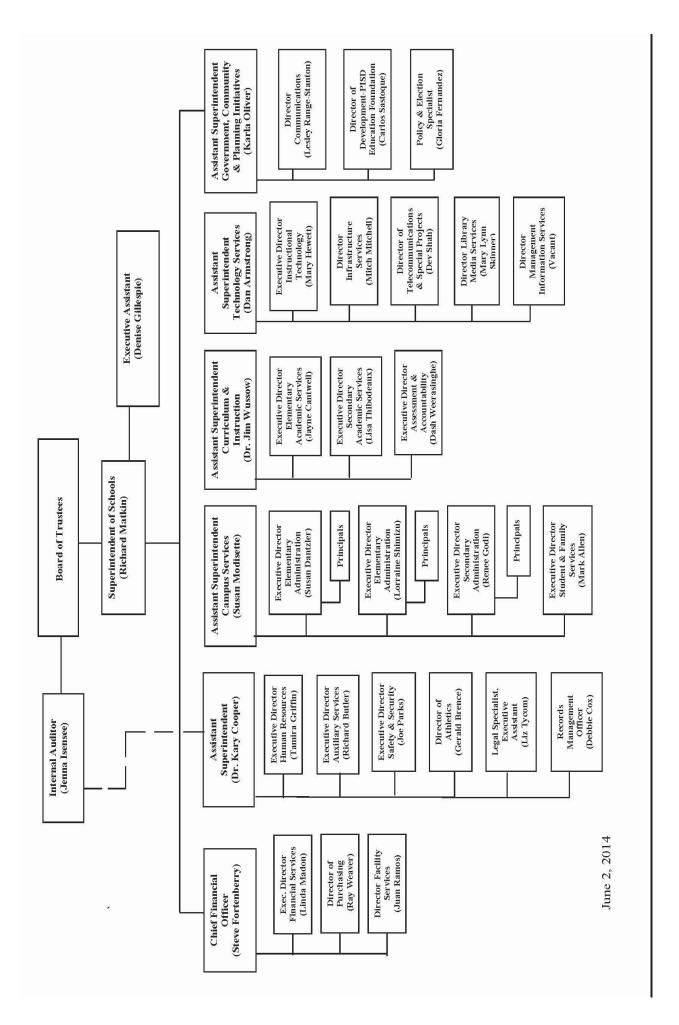


BOARD OF TRUSTEES						
Name	Length of Service	Term Expires	Occupations			
Nancy Humphrey President	4 Years	May 2017	Public and Contract Accountant			
David Stolle Vice President	3 Years	May 2015	Attorney			
Michael Friedman Secretary	3 Years	May 2015	Senior Vice President Retail Brokerage Services			
Missy Bender Trustee	8 Years	May 2015	Community Volunteer			
Marilyn Hinton Trustee	5 Years	May 2017	Community Volunteer			
Carrolyn Moebius Trustee	4 Years	May 2017	Veterinary Hospital Administrator			
Tammy Richards Trustee	4 Years	May 2017	Consultant			

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Name	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS Position	Length of
Richard Matkin	Superintendent *total school district experience 39 years	District Service 13 Years*
Steve Fortenberry	Chief Financial Officer *total school district experience 31 years	2 Years*
Dr. Kary Cooper	Assistant Superintendent for District Services	26 Years
Karla Oliver	Assistant Superintendent for Government, Community and Planning Initiatives *total school district experience 24 years	10 Years*
Dan Armstrong	Assistant Superintendent for Technology Services	24 Years
Susan Modisette	Assistant Superintendent for Campus Services *total school district experience 31 years	27 Years*
Dr. Jim Wussow	Assistant Superintendent for Academic Services *total school district experience 31 years	27 Years*

There is a textual or accessible version of the organization that contains the same information as the chart below.





November 4, 2014

Board of School Trustees Plano Independent School District 2700 W. 15th Street Plano, Texas 75075

Members of the Board:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Plano Independent School District (District) for the year ended June 30, 2014, is submitted herewith. This report was prepared by the District's Financial Services Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessaryto enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included. This report includes all funds of the District. The District discusses in greater detail its financial position in the narrative, introduction, overview and analysis sections of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

The CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2014 is presented in conformance with the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

GOVERNANCE

The governance of the District is overseen by a seven-member board of trustees (Board) that are elected by the citizens. Each member is elected to a four-year term with the elections being staggered in odd years so that not all positions are voted on during the same year. See page i for a listing of the present members of the Board along with the administrative officials who are appointed by the Board.

Regular action meetings are generally scheduled the first Tuesday of the month and regular work sessions the third Tuesday of the month. Both the action meetings and the work sessions are held in the District's Administration Building. Special meetings are scheduled as needed and announced in compliance with public notice requirements.

The Board has final control over local school matters limited only by the state legislature, by the courts and by the will of the people as expressed in School Board elections. Board decisions are based on a majority vote of a quorum of the Board.

In general, the Board adopts policies, sets direction for curriculum, employs the superintendent and oversees the operations of the District and its schools. Besides general Board business, trustees are charged with numerous statutory regulations, including appointing the tax assessor/collector, calling trustee and other school elections and canvassing the results, organizing the Board and electing its officers. The Board is also responsible for setting the tax rate, setting salary schedules, and acting as a board of appeals in personnel and student matters, confirming recommendations for textbook adoptions, and adopting and amending the annual budget.

The Board has responsibilities and control over all activities related to the public school education within its geographic boundaries. Even though there is considerable association between such other entities as the Collin County Tax Office and the Collin County Central Appraisal District, this report is restricted only to the actual activities of the District.

The Board solicits and evaluates community input and support concerning school policies.

MISSION

The District is a public school system whose adopted mission is:

"...to provide an excellent education for all students."

To accomplish its mission, the District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels ranging from pre-kindergarten through grade 12. These include regular and enriched academic education, special education for handicapped children, career education and special programs for those with limited English proficiency. These programs are supplemented by a wide variety of co-curricular offerings, including those in fine arts and athletics. The District's curriculum is well-defined for the purpose of preparing students early for college readiness. The participation rate of PISD students in Advanced Placement/International Baccalaureate ranks among the highest in the state and nation. PISD students' performance on these exams gives them a competitive edge for college admission and college success.

As reflected in the District's mission statement, activities of the District focus on learning opportunities for students. The District is providing educational services to approximately 55,000 students in state of the art facilities that include three early childhood schools for pre-kindergarten age students, 44 elementary schools, 22 secondary school programs and two special program centers. The District has long maintained the philosophy of renovating its schools every 20 to 25 years to ensure that all facilities continue to meet new building standards as well as curriculum and technology requirements.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Situated in the heart of north Texas, and as an integral part of the Dallas/Fort Worth Metroplex, the City of Plano enjoys easy access to major transportation and shipping hubs in air, rail and trucking to any destination in the United States. A significant factor in the growth of the City's economic base is the addition, expansion and retention of numerous corporate and regional headquarters. Plano is home to more than 6,000 businesses, including global corporate headquarters and technology-related companies, and a large retail environment including two major shopping centers. Health Care Service Corporation, J.C. Penney Co., Frito-Lay Inc., Dr. Pepper Snapple Group, Alcatel-Lucent, Bank of America Home Loans, HP Enterprise Services and Ericsson all call Plano home. The combined effects of population, income, employment and residential growth along with increased industrial, commercial and retail development, have ensured the continuance of growth during the past several years.

The Texas Economic Development Act amended the Texas Tax Code in 2001 to allow businesses to apply for appraised value limitation on qualified property for economic development, making the state more attractive for large-scale projects. The District entered into a Texas Economic Development Act Participation Agreement with Texas Instruments (TI) in February 2004. Its \$3 billion semiconductor manufacturing facility located near the southern border of Plano ISD opened in October 2009. The benefits associated with the construction of this plant in Plano ISD and Collin County are estimated to be as large as \$2.8 billion in assets. In conjunction with the opening of this facility, Plano ISD along with other higher education entities in the area, have formed the High Technology Education Coalition of Collin County. The collaboration between the entities in the coalition have provided internships and increased scholarship opportunities for students and professional development opportunities for teachers. Texas Instruments is the signature donor for the Plano ISD Academy High School which opened in August 2013.

The Plano ISD Academy High School is an innovative, project-based 9th–12th grade learning community with an emphasis on science, technology, engineering, arts and mathematics (STEAM).

In the South central section of the District, State Farm Insurance's new regional office campus is under construction as the key corporate anchor of a 186-acre development by KDC. State Farm's half billion dollar complex will include four office towers plus parking garages. Three of the four towers are well under construction, According to State Farm, the first group of employees will start moving into the new facility at the end of this year. Construction will start soon on the Aloft Hotel and hundreds of apartments in the surrounding CityLine project are currently under construction. The fourth State Farm tower is planned for the future. In the same section of the District, Raytheon broke ground in July on its new regional office campus. The site will include a three building complex with almost 500,000 square feet. Raytheon plans to move into the new corporate campus by the end of 2015.

In late April, Toyota announced that within the next three years, it will establish separate North American headquarters for manufacturing, sales and marketing and corporate operations in a state-of-the art campus in Northwest Plano. Altogether, the moves will affect approximately 4,000 employees. Construction of Toyota's new headquarters is expected to be completed in late 2016 or early 2017.

The District's latest multi-year bond program was successfully approved by the voters in May 2008. The purpose of this \$490 million program was to provide funding for four new schools, 20-year renovations, additions and expansions, system and compliance upgrades for several facilities, district wide technology initiatives and other capital improvements. This multi-year bond program will impact every child and school in Plano ISD. As of June 30, 2014, \$16,020,000 of the bonds were authorized, but not issued. The District had several active construction projects as of June 30, 2014. Projects included additions to buildings and renovation of existing facilities.

During fiscal year 2014, the District completed the addition at Plano West Senior High, first phase of Academy High School, Plano East Senior High IB Academy, Williams Health Science Academy, renovations at Mitchell Elementary and Rasor Elementary, roof replacements at Carpenter, Skaggs, and Stinson and HVAC upgrades at Administrative and Facility Service Buildings. Various security enhancements and upgrades were added at several campuses throughout the district.

Since the 1970s, the State of Texas has been involved with various lawsuits challenging the constitutionality of the system of financing public schools.

The foundation of the current school finance system was put in place by House Bill 1 in a special session of the legislature in 2006. House Bill 1 was enacted in response to a ruling by the Texas Supreme Court in the case of West Orange-Cove Consolidated ISD v Neely, that the system in place at that time was unconstitutional because it created a de facto state property tax which is prohibited by the State Constitution. House Bill 1 primarily focused on property tax relief. Districts were required to compress (reduce) their maintenance and operations tax rates by 33.33% over a two year period. For most districts this meant a reduction from a rate of \$1.50 (per \$100 of assessed taxable value) to a rate of \$1.00. Districts were authorized to add four cents to the compressed rate by a vote of their Board of Trustees. The District accessed two of the four cents in 2007-08 and the other two in 2008-09 to bring the total maintenance and operations rate to \$1.04 from that point through 2012-13. An additional 13 cents was also authorized, but required the board to adopt the higher rate and then conduct a tax ratification election in which all registered voters are given the opportunity to vote on the increased rate.

In order to replace the loss of revenues resulting from the mandated tax rate reduction, the State levied new business taxes and increased other taxes. School districts were guaranteed per pupil funding equal to at least what they would have received in local taxes and state aid in 2005-06 and 2006-07. This hold harmless formula funding was labeled Additional State Aid for Tax Reduction or "ASATR".

Over the following three years, it became evident that the new business and other taxes levied by the State were not adequate to replace the property tax losses caused by the mandated tax rate reductions. As a result in 2009, the legislature chose to use \$3.2 billion in federal stimulus funds available under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act to cover state funding shortfalls and pay for a state mandated teacher pay raise for the 2009-11 biennium.

During the 2011 legislative session, facing the phase out of the federal stimulus funds and a recessionary economic forecast, the State reduced formula funding by approximately \$4.0 billion. Many State grants and other allotments were also reduced or eliminated. In the first year of the biennium, the funding cuts were spread proportionately across all districts. However, in 2012-13, the state funding cuts fell much more heavily on districts receiving ASATR funds which the State decided to phase out by 2017. The District's share of the funding reductions was approximately \$24 million in 2011-12, but increased to \$35 million in 2012-13.

In response to the funding reductions, the District enacted over \$26.6 million in budget cuts for the 2011-12 school year and froze salaries. The majority of the budget cuts were accomplished through a reduction in force of 344 positions. The cuts remained in place for 2012-13; however a compensation increase of 3% was included and implemented. The two year strategy and actions utilized to address the state funding reductions resulted in an increase of \$2.0 million in the fund balance of the general fund over the biennium.

During the 2013 Legislative Session, the Texas Legislature restored \$3.2 billion of the reductions made in 2011. Funds were not restored in a proportionate manner. The District's restoration was less than 30% compared to a statewide average of 77%. The District's restoration was accomplished entirely by a reduction in property tax recapture payments to the State rather than in additional state funding.

The district adopted its 2013-14 budget on June 4, 2013 – less than a week after the legislative session was adjourned. The 2013-14 revenue budget was based on prior funding law, resulting in a budgeted deficit of \$28.4 million. The partial restoration of state funding reductions subsequently reduced this deficit to \$18.2 million. To address the deficit and provide for a solid revenue stream going forward, on August 20, 2013 the District adopted a maintenance and operations tax rate of \$1.17 and scheduled a tax ratification election for November 5. 2013 to ratify the 13 cent tax rate increase. The voters continued their strong support of the District and passed the election with 63% voting in favor of the tax rate increase. With this tax rate increase, the District generated an additional \$29.7 million in tax revenue net of recapture in 2013-14. The District also adopted a debt service tax rate of 28.3 cents representing a 5.04 cent reduction from 2012-13. The purpose of the reduction was to minimize the impact to taxpayers of the 13 cent increase in the maintenance and operations rate. The resulting revenue shortfall generated in the debt service fund was addressed by reducing the 2014 scheduled bond payments through issuance of refunding bonds to restructure debt payments. The restructuring leveled out payments over the 2014-2018 time frame, but did not extend final maturity dates on existing debt. Due to favorable interest rates, the District also saved \$1,747,875 in future payments with present value savings totaling \$2,588,586 as a result of the restructuring.

State Funding Litigation

Following the conclusion of the 2011 legislative session, new state funding litigation was filed and on February 4, 2013 in the District Court of Travis County rendered a preliminary ruling that the current system was unconstitutional based on (1) equity, (2) adequacy and (3) establishment of a de facto statewide property tax (as in the West Orange-Cove case). Before the Court entered its finding of fact and a final judgment, the 83rd Legislature passed several bills that implicated the claim in the case. The Court granted a motion to reopen the evidence to consider the impact of the 2013 legislation and held another three week evidentiary hearing beginning on January 21, 2014. On August 28, 2014 Judge Dietz ruled the Texas school finance system is unconstitutional by upholding the same three reasons as stated in the preliminary ruling.

The Attorney General informed attorneys in the case on Friday, September 26th that his office will appeal the ruling directly to the Texas Supreme Court. The details of the appeal are expected to come in the next few weeks.

The Board of Trustees is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year, June 30. Annual budgets for the General Operating Fund, Debt Service Fund and Food Service Fund were adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 3, 2014. The budget is prepared by fund and function. Site based decisions are made throughout the year as campuses and departments manage their budgets. Budget transfers between functions, however, require approval from the Board of Trustees. The District operates a tightly controlled budget in all areas of operation while maintaining a high quality educational program.

On September 2, 2014 the District adopted a maintenance and operations tax rate of \$1.17 - the maximum rate approved by voters in November 2013. A debt service tax rate of 27.8 cents representing a 0.5 cent reduction in the rate was also adopted. With the debt restructuring completed in fiscal year 2013-14, along with increased property values, the District was able to adopt the lower debt service tax rate.

The Texas Legislature will meet in regular session beginning on January 13, 2015. The next legislative session is complicated by changes in Senate leadership positions within the Legislature along with significant changes in the State's executive leadership including the Governor, Lt. Governor, State Comptroller and Attorney General. Timing on the final verdict on the school finance court case will be critical and may create the need for a special session.

For additional information about the financial status of the District, readers should refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

Controls

An internal control structure that has been designed, managed and maintained by the District is in place to ensure the District's assets are protected from loss, theft and misuse, and to ensure that accurate accounting data is compiled in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, therefore the internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

Independent Audit

State law and District policy require an annual audit of the accounts and financial records of the District by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Trustees. Weaver has issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Plano Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2014. The independent auditors' report has been included in this report at the front of the financial section.

Awards

In 1999, the 76th Texas Legislature, approved legislation requiring the commissioner of education in consultation with the comptroller of public accounts to develop a rating system for school district financial accountability. The 77th Texas Legislature in 2001 subsequently adopted rules for the implementation and administration of the financial accountability rating system known as School FIRST, Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas. The financial accountability rating system benefits the public by having in place a system to ensure that school districts will be held accountable for the quality of their financial management practices and achieve improved performance in the management of their financial resources. Plano Independent School District has received a Superior Achievement rating since the implementation of the rating system in the 2001-02 year.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Plano Independent School District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2013. The District received this prestigious award for the thirty first consecutive year in 2014.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements. We are submitting the current report for the year ended June 30, 2014 to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of Financial Services. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

We also wish to thank the members of the Board of Trustees for their continued consideration and support, and for planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Richard Matkin Superintendent

Associate Superintendent of Business Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Plano Independent School District

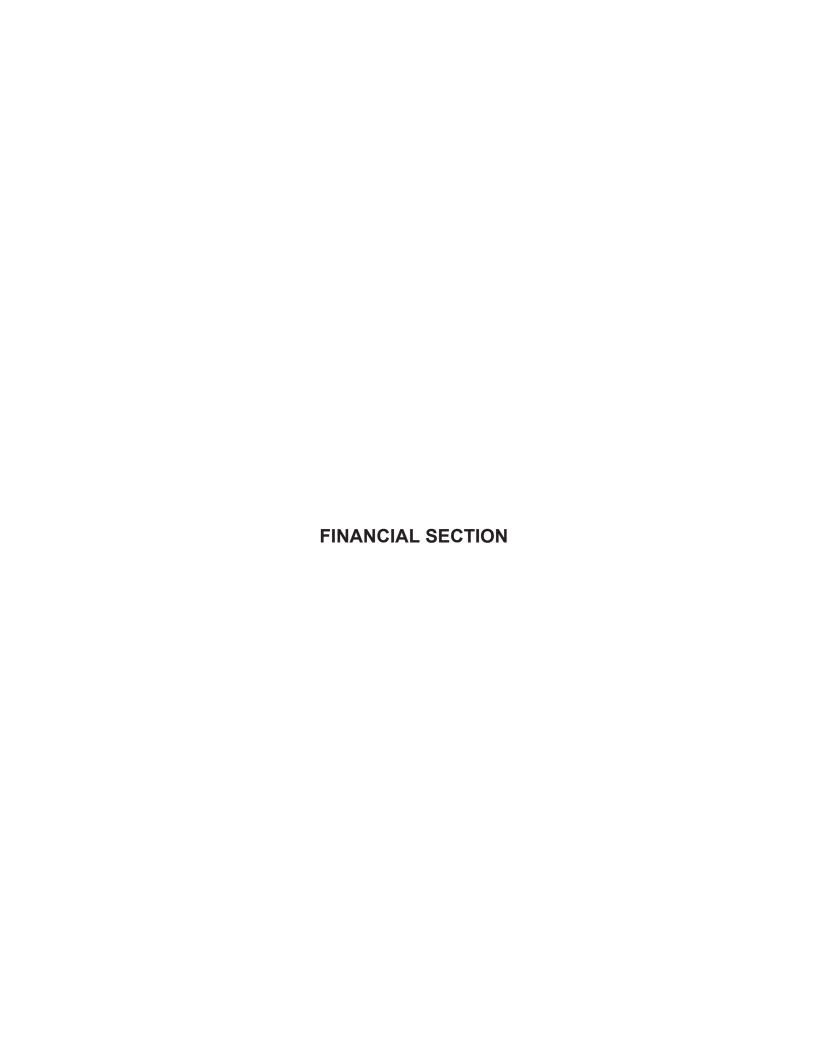
Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Plano Independent School District Plano. Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plano Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Plano Independent School District

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, in 2014, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 18 and 71 through 73 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency report section and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

Plano Independent School District

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The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, required Texas Education Agency report section, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, required Texas Education Agency report section, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Ween and Didweg dogs

Dallas, Texas November 4, 2014



PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

Our discussion and analysis of Plano Independent School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's total assets as presented on the government-wide Statement of Net Position exceeded total liabilities by \$330.8 million. The net assets of the District increased by \$36.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2014.

The District's governmental funds financial statements reported combined ending fund balance of \$285.7 million. Of this amount, the General Fund has a total of \$169.2 million of which \$2.0 million is nonspendable, \$12.9 million is assigned and \$154.3 million is unassigned available for spending at the District's discretion. Fund balance of \$98.9 million is restricted for use by the Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The Special Revenue Funds have a fund balance of \$17.6 million that is either restricted or committed with a small amount in the nonspendable inventory classification.

On May 10, 2008, the District held a successful bond election with voters approving \$490 million in authorized new bonds. Bonds have been issued four times against this authorization. Bonds authorized and not issued as of June 30, 2014 are \$16,020,000. Bonds were refunded twice during fiscal year 2014 to restructure a portion of the Series 2004 and 2005 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds. In October 2013, Series 2013 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds were issued in the amount of \$25,955,000 to restructure a portion of the 2004 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds. Series 2014 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds were dated January 1, 2014 in the amount of \$40,795,000 to refund a portion of Series 2005 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds. The restructuring leveled out debt payments over the 2014-2018 time frame, but did not extend final maturity dates on existing debt

During fiscal year 2014, the District completed the addition at Plano West Senior High, first phase of Academy High School, Plano East Senior High IB Academy, Williams Health Science Academy, and renovations at Mitchell Elementary and Rasor Elementary. Roof replacements at Carpenter, Skaggs and Stinson along with HVAC upgrades at Administrative and Facility Service Buildings were also completed. Various security enhancements and upgrades were added at several campuses throughout the district.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements, including instruction, student support services, student transportation, general administration, school leadership, facilities acquisition and construction and food services. Property taxes, state and federal aid, and investment earnings finance most of the activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported here.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities details how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The District uses fund accounting to monitor specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the District's activities are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year end that are available. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from all other Special Revenue funds is in the Other Funds column and is presented as a non-major governmental fund on the same statements.

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed similar to those found in the private sector. These funds provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its concession service, after school care, employee childcare and photography. Internal service funds report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities, i.e., health insurance, workers' compensation, property insurance, unemployment benefits and print shop. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities within the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Immediately following the required supplementary information, combining statements are included for the nonmajor special revenue funds, the enterprise funds, the internal service funds and the agency funds.

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain.

There is a textual or accessible version of Figure A-1 that contains the same information as the table below.

Fund Statements

Figure A-1. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Fund Statements				
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
Scope	All activities of the District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses.	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources	
	• Statement of net assets	• Balance sheet	• Statement of net assets	• Statement of fiduciary net assets	
Required financial statements	• Statement of activities	• Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	• Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets	• Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets	
			• Statement of cash flows		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can	
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's net position was \$330.8 million at June 30, 2014.

The District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2014	Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2013	Business Type Activities As of June 30, 2014	Business Type Activities As of June 30, 2013
Current and other assets	\$ 369,808,915	\$ 428,057,260	\$ 626,668	\$ 600,338
Capital assets	997,179,660	987,711,201	-	-
Total assets	1,366,988,575	1,415,768,461	626,668	600,338
Deferred outflows of resources	19,434,125			
Current liabilities	91,001,065	114,527,139	497,647	502,821
Long term liability	964,700,123	1,006,946,805		
Total liabilities	1,055,701,188	1,121,473,944	497,647	502,821
Net position:				
Invested in capital assets				
net of related debt	120,499,074	97,719,303	-	-
Restricted	29,242,464	27,682,058	-	-
Unrestricted	180,979,974	168,893,156	129,021	97,517
Total net position	\$ 330,721,512	\$ 294,294,517	\$ 129,021	\$ 97,517

Our analysis focuses on net position and changes in net position of the District's governmental and business-type activities. The District's total net position increased by \$36.5 million. Current and Other Assets decreased by \$58.2 million which is attributable primarily to a \$45.2 million decrease in Cash and Investments, a \$9.7 million decrease in Due from Other Governments and a decrease of \$3.9 million in capitalize bond issuance cost. Capital Project activity continued throughout fiscal year 2014 without any new debt being issued to fund projects which resulted in a decrease in cash and investments of \$48.8 million for the Capital Projects Fund. An increase in the General Fund cash and investments of \$5.9 million partially offset the decrease in the Capital Projects Fund. The increase in taxable values and a higher maintenance and operating tax rate accounts for the increase in the General Fund, cash and investments. An audit of the District's taxable value for a prior year resulted in a \$5 million recapture payment receivable due to the District at the end of last fiscal year. This payment was received in September 2013 with no other similar adjustments occurring at the end of fiscal year 2014. The remaining amount Due from Other Governments for fiscal year 2014 is due to the timing of payments received from the State for current year state aid payments as well as federal grant payments due. With the implementation of GASB 65, debt issuance costs is recognized as an expense in the period incurred which resulted in the decrease in capitalized bond issuance cost of \$3.9 million. This amount is used as a prior period adjustment to restate the beginning Net Position balance on the Statement of Activities, Exhibit B-1.

Non-Current Capital Assets increased due to the completion of \$38.2 million in building construction projects and the completion of \$849,685 in land improvement projects which resulted in recording the addition of these projects to the various capital asset line items. Construction in Progress decreased \$25 million. Furniture and Equipment and Other Capital Assets decreased a combined total of \$4.5 million. Several construction projects including additions and renovations of existing facilities remained active as of June 30, 2014. These amounts combine to result in a net increase in Capital and Non-Current Assets of \$9.5 million. The combined net effect of a decrease in Current assets and an increase Non-Current Capital Assets resulted in a decrease in total assets during the year ended June 30, 2014 of \$48.8 million.

Deferred Outflows of Resources is a new section on the Statement of Net Position for fiscal year 2014, with the implementation of GASB 63. Deferred outflows are a consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. The advanced refunding of \$19,434,125 is shown as a Deferred Outflow of Resources for fiscal year 2014.

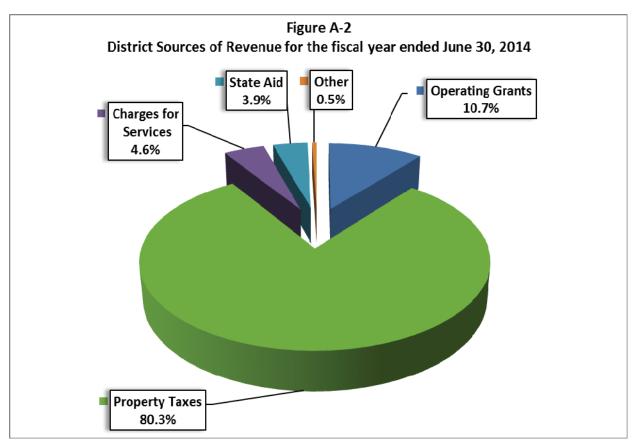
Several components came together to create the overall \$23.5 million decrease in Current Liabilities. Due to Other Governments indicates a decrease of \$14.7 million. The large amount Due to Other Governments at the end of fiscal year 2013 was the result of the State using Weighted Average Daily Attendance (WADA) counts that were too high as the basis of state aid payments during fiscal year 2013. The amount due to the State was paid in February 2014. State aid assumptions for fiscal year 2014 provided a better basis for payments in the current fiscal year that did not result in a large overpayment to the District. The amount remaining due to the State at June 30, 2014 is primarily the last two recapture payments due in July and August for a total of \$10.3 million. Accounts Payable reflects a decrease of \$5.6 million. While several construction projects were active at fiscal year-end, the size and number of projects were less than the prior year. This resulted in \$3 million decrease in accounts payable to large construction contractors at year end. In addition, in September 2013 the Texas Teacher Retirement System (TRS) changed the timing of payments due for insurance premiums. Previously, payments were due on the sixth of the following month for the previous month which resulted in a \$2.5 million accrued payable to TRS at the end of fiscal year 2013. Payments are now made in advance on the fifteenth of the month for the upcoming month, thus, eliminating this \$2.5 million accrual for fiscal year 2014. Unearned Revenues decreased by \$2.8 million due to the decrease in the Instructional Materials Allotment from the State available to be drawn upon in future periods. Finally, a decrease of \$1.1 million in Interest Payable was due to a lower bond interest payment due in August 2014 as a result of the bond refunding in fiscal year 2014. These decreases were offset by increases in Accrued Wages Payable of \$591,954 and Payroll Deductions & Withholdings of \$109,572 due to a one percent raise granted for fiscal year 2014.

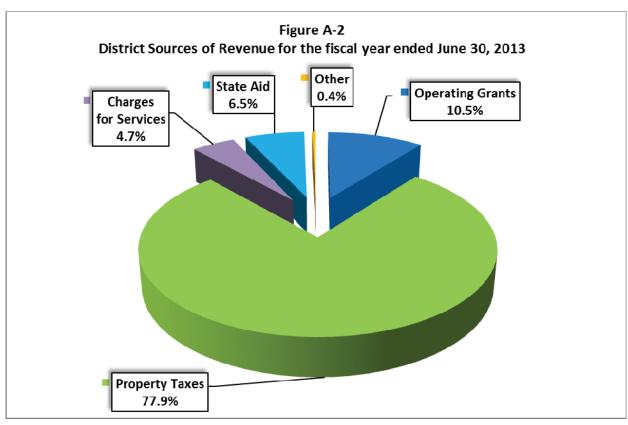
Noncurrent Liabilities decreased \$42.2 million. Obligations due within one year decreased \$9 million while obligations due in more than one year decreased \$33.2 million. During fiscal year 2014, the District refunded bonds twice to restructure a portion of the Series 2004 and 2005 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds. The restructuring leveled out the debt payments due in 2014-2018 without extending the final maturity dates on existing debt. No bonds were issued on the authorized, but unissued debt during fiscal year 2014. With the implementation of GASB 65, \$19.4 million was removed from obligation due in more than one year and shown separately in the new Deferred Outflows of Resources section as deferred charge for refunding.

The amount invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding increased by \$22.8 million to \$120.5 million. The increase of \$22.8 million is the result of an increase in capital assets net of depreciation of \$9.5 million offset by a decrease in related debt of \$61.6 million with a decrease in the Construction fund balance of \$48.3 million.

An additional portion of the District's net position of \$28 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Assets restricted for State Programs increased by \$476,992. Assets restricted for use by Food Service decreased slightly by \$10,172. Net assets restricted for Debt Service use increased by \$1.1 million. The remaining balance of net position, \$181 million, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. The amount of unrestricted net position increased \$12.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. This increase is a result of the large decrease in Total Liabilities.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$639.8 million. A significant portion (80.3%) of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Figure A-2 or Exhibit B-1) Continued equalization of the State school finance funding formula for fiscal year 2014 reduced state aid. State aid comprised 3.9% of the District's revenue while operating grants provided 10.7%. Charges for services contributed 4.6%. Interest revenue and other sources including miscellaneous local revenue account for 0.5%. The total cost of all programs and services was \$599.5 million.





Government-Wide Activities

The total cost of all government-wide activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$599.5 million. Funding for these government-wide activities is by specific program revenue or through general revenues such as property taxes and investment earnings. The following is a summary of the governmental funds activities:

- The cost of all *governmental activities* for the year was \$593 million.
- Some of the *governmental activities* cost was funded by program revenues directly attributable to specific activities. These program revenues amounted to \$88.5 million.
- The remaining cost of *governmental activities* not directly funded by program revenues was \$504.5 million which was funded from property taxes and other local sources.

The following table presents the cost of the District's largest governmental functions as well as their related *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars, state revenues and other miscellaneous general revenues.

Instruction Debt service interest on long term debt Plant maintenance & operations Contracted instructional services between School leadership Other facility costs	schools	Total Cost of S \$316.3 39.1 39.6 36.0 24.8 24.5	Services N	\$271.8 \$271.8 39.1 37.8 36.0 22.9 0.7
Revenue	Governmental Activities FY 6/30/14	Governmental Activities FY 6/30/13	Business-Typ Activities FY 6/30/14	e Business-Type Activities FY 6/30/13
Program Revenues				
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	\$ 20,164,360 68,322,777	\$ 19,596,268 62,620,613	\$ 9,099,662	2 \$ 8,628,573 -
General Revenues				
Property taxes	513,765,055	466,083,318	_	-
State aid - formula	25,147,980	38,658,074	-	-
Interest income	623,136	867,508	2,587	2,798
Other	2,687,011	1,987,074		<u> </u>
Total revenues	630,710,319	589,812,855	9,102,249	8,631,371
F				
Expenses Instruction and Instructional - Related Services	222 225 527	205 445 744		
	332,665,507	325,445,714		
Instructional and School Leadership	28,195,492	27,522,157		
Support Services - Student	77,232,838	71,742,677		
Administrative Support Services	9,802,666	9,864,334		
Support Services - Nonstudent Based	48,297,851	51,965,417		
Ancillary Services - Community Service Debt Service	1,826,495	2,097,258		
	39,078,896	41,114,449		
Other Facility Costs Intergovernmental Charges	13,684,442 42,240,335	18,430,979 31,894,055		
Concessions	42,240,333	31,094,000	210,699	9 230,810
Employee Child Care	-	-	1,219,369	
After School Care	-	-	4,966,384	, ,
Photography	_	_	42,005	
Total expenses	593,024,522	580,077,040	6,438,457	
•	000,024,022	000,077,040	0,400,401	0,200,021
Excess (Deficiency) before transfers	37,685,797	9,735,815	2,663,792	, ,
Transfers In (Out)	2,632,288	2,296,509	(2,632,288	
Change in net position	40,318,085	12,032,324	31,504	
Beginning net position	290,403,427	282,262,193	97,517	
Ending net position	\$ 330,721,512	\$ 294,294,517	\$ 129,02	\$ 97,517

The increase in the ending net position for Governmental Activities of \$36.4 million is a combination of several factors. During fiscal year 2014 several types of revenue reflect significant changes. Charges for services increased by \$568,092 which is attributable to the price increase for student meals served during the school day effective with the start of fiscal year 2014. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$5.7 million. This increase is the result of revenue received for the Instructional Materials Allotment as the result of several textbook adoptions.

Property tax revenue increased by \$47.7 million due to an increase in the assessed property value base and a significant increase in the maintenance and operation (M&O) tax rate of \$0.13 cents. The Texas School Finance legislation passed in 2006 established a standard compressed M&O tax rate of \$1.00. The legislation authorized districts to add four cents to the compressed rate by a vote of their Board of Trustees. An additional 13 cents was also authorized, but requires the board to adopt the higher rate and then conduct a tax ratification election in which all registered votes are given the opportunity to vote on the increased rate. The District had previously approved the additional four cent tax increase in two cent increments in 2007-08 and 2008-09. With the \$4.0 billion reduction in formula funding passed by the legislature for the 2011-13 biennium, the District had reduced staff and restructured operations to the point that without an additional source of steady revenue, reductions would have become necessary in instructional programs along with further reductions in staff. On August 20, 2013 the Board of Trustees adopted a M&O tax rate of \$1.17 and scheduled a tax ratification election for November 5, 2013 to ratify the 13 cent tax rate increase. The voters responded favorably by approving the higher tax rate which resulted in the significant increase in property tax revenue. State aid decreased by \$13.5 million due to a change in the funding formula for 2013-14. A portion of State aid is paid on a set dollar amount that is established annually per average daily attendance (ADA). In 2012-13 the amount paid per ADA was \$469 while in 2013-14 the amount paid per ADA was reduced to \$256 which accounts for the reduction in State aid for fiscal year 2014. Other revenue increased by \$699,937. The District opened three academy programs during 2013-14, a 9-12 Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Math (STEAM) academy, a health science academy and an International Baccalaureate (IB) academy. Several corporations and hospitals made significant donations to the academy programs during fiscal year 2014. Southwest Airlines donated \$500,000 to the STEAM academy while Texas Presbyterian Hospital donated \$75,000 to the health science academy. Other corporations made smaller donations totaling \$40,000 to the STEAM academy. Food and Nutritional Services also received a \$107,000 donation from Dairy Max. Interest income decreased by \$244,372 as interest rates continued to decline. These variances combine for an increase in total Government Activity revenue of \$40.9 million.

Total expenses reflect an overall increase of \$12.9 million primarily as a result of a significant increase in Intergovernmental Charges, Instruction and Instructional Related Services and Support Services -Student that was offset by decreases in several areas. As a direct result of the increase in property tax revenue, Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools increased by \$10.3 million. The school finance system in Texas is equalized through an equalized wealth limit that requires excess wealth per weighted average daily attendance (WADA) to be returned to the State. Instruction and Instructional Related Services increased \$7.2 million due to the raise and one-time payment granted to staff and by the increased activity in the Instructional Materials Allotment to purchase textbooks and materials for several textbook adoptions. Support Services - Student reflected a \$5.5 million increase also as a result of the raise and one-time payment granted to staff as well as an increase due to the treatment of capital assets purchased in 2012-13 which reduced the expense in the prior year. The largest decrease that offset these increases was seen in Other Facility Costs due to fewer large construction projects which resulted in a \$4.7 million decrease for this area. Other decreases were seen in Support Services - Nonstudent for \$3.7 million due to savings realized from a new electricity contract as well as a decrease in Debt Service of \$2 million due to a decrease in long term debt interest as a result of two bond refundings during fiscal year 2014 to restructure debt.

Business-Type Activities

The net position of the District's business–type activities increased by \$31,504. This increase is due to an increase in net position for the Concession Enterprise Fund of \$17,135 coupled with an increase in net position for Photography of \$14,369. During fiscal year 2014, there was a decrease in supply expenses in the Concession Enterprise Fund. The Photography fund revenue although less than the previous year continued to exceed operating expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds The District's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis as prescribed by the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*, Texas Education Agency, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when services or goods are received and the fund liabilities are incurred. The general governmental operations include the following major funds: General, Debt Service and the Capital Projects Fund.

Revenues for general governmental functions totaled \$629.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. Property taxes were the largest source of revenue received by the District. The Maintenance and Operating (M&O) tax rate increased from \$1.04 to \$1.17 with the passage of the tax ratification election held on November 5, 2013. The 13 cent increase in the M&O tax rate applied against an increasing assessed property value resulted in a total increase in tax revenue of \$60.1 million for M&O. The Debt Service tax rate decreased by 5.04 cents to \$0.2830. The reduction was an effort on the District's part to minimize the impact to taxpayers of the 13 cent increase in the M&O rate. The reduction in the tax rate coupled with an increase in taxable value resulted in decreased tax revenue of \$13.3 million for Debt Service. Other Funds reflect a decrease of \$1.1 million in local revenue due to a decline in the funds raised by student groups of \$2.2 million which was offset by increased local donations of \$676,731 to the District's academy programs and \$107,000 to the Food Service fund. These items represent the major offsetting components of the \$45.1 million increase in Local Revenue.

The State School Finance formula generates revenue from two revenue sources, the Foundation School Program and the Available School Fund. Funding for the Available School Fund portion is based on an annually established amount per ADA. The amount per ADA was significantly decreased by more than 50% in 2013-14 which accounts for the decrease in State Revenue of \$11.4 million in the General Fund. This decrease is offset by an increase in State Revenue in Other Funds of \$6.1 million. State funding recognized for the Instructional Materials Allotment increased by \$5.7 million, and funding from the State increased by \$509,571 for the Regional Day School for the Deaf Program. These variances combine to primarily account for the \$5.3 million decrease in State Program Revenues.

Federal revenues show a decrease of \$793,739 for the 2014 fiscal year. Four programs primarily account for the decrease. SHARS Medicaid revenue decreased by \$161,701, the Build America Bond rebate decreased by \$144,505 due to sequestration cuts to account for the decrease in the General fund. In Other Funds, Title I and Title II decreased by \$743,061 and \$359,674 respectively. Offsetting these decreases was an increase in the National School Lunch & Breakfast federal revenue of \$432,726.

Expenditures for general governmental operations totaled \$663.4 million during fiscal year 2014 for a decrease of \$17.3 million. There are several factors that combine for this decrease in expenditures. Due to decreased activity in construction projects, the major decrease in expenditures is in Facilities Acquisition and Construction of \$20.5 million. Long term debt principal and interest payments decreased by \$15.9 million as a result of two bond refundings completed during the year which restructured the debt to level out payments for the next four years, but did not extend final maturity dates on existing debt. Facilities Maintenance and Operations decreased by \$3.1 million due to savings realized from a new multi-year electricity contract. These reductions of \$39.5 million were offset by several functions that saw increases as a result of a 1% raise and 1% one-time payment given to all staff in 2013-14. Instruction increased in total \$8.9 million due to the raise granted to staff (\$3.1 million), and by the increased activity in the Instructional Materials Allotment to purchase textbooks and materials for new textbook adoptions (\$5.7 million). Contracted Instruction Services Between Schools (commonly referred to as "recapture") increased by \$11.1 million as a result of the significant increase in property tax revenue due to the 13 cent increase in the maintenance and operating tax rate. The equalized state funding formula is directly impacted by an increase in local property taxes. Student Transportation increased by \$1.5 million due to an increased staffing level for bus drivers, the raise given to staff and increases in gasoline, repair parts and equipment purchased. These items combine to primarily account for the decrease in expenditures.

The governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$285.7 million. The net decrease in the combined fund balance of \$32.7 million is comprised of several changes in fund balance. The primary decrease of \$48.3 million, occurred in the Capital Projects fund due to ongoing bond projects during fiscal year 2014 that were funded from existing funds. A small decrease occurred in the Debt Service Fund of \$262,715. These decreases were offset by an increase in the General Fund of \$15 million and \$814,907 in Other Funds. With the successful tax ratification election, tax revenue increased significantly for the General Fund. The decrease in tax revenue as a result of a lower tax rate resulted in only a slight decrease in the Debt Service fund balance. The increase in fund balance for Other non-major funds of \$814,907 is primarily due to increased donations to the District's academy programs. Out of the combined fund balances, \$154.3 million constitutes unassigned fund balance available for the general operations of the District.

The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed by board action or assigned. Fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2014 consist of:

	As of 6/30/14	As of 6/30/13
Nonspendable		
Inventories	\$1,321,252	\$1,383,747
Prepaid items	908,395	948,771
Restricted		
Debt service	34,925,023	35,187,738
Capital Projects	64,007,275	112,314,815
Food Service	6,967,785	6,951,863
State Special Revenue	1,247,146	770,154
Committed		
Local Special Revenue	9,188,237	8,840,132
Assigned		
Purchases on order	2,183,886	1,646,043
Subsequent year's budget: for capital projects	10,700,000	-
Subsequent year's budget: appropriation of fund balance	-	18,223,808
Unassigned	154,251,239	132,177,609
Total Fund Balance	\$285,700,238	\$318,444,680

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$154.3 million. An anticipated amount of \$10.7 million to be spent for capital projects was assigned along with encumbrances in the amount of \$2.2 million. Unassigned fund balance available for the general operations of the District represents 34.8% of the total general fund expenditures while total fund balance represents 38.1% of the same amount.

The Capital Project Fund has a total fund balance of \$64 million. This entire amount is restricted for future construction. The fund balance decreased by \$48.3 million as a result of ongoing projects that were funded from balances on hand at June 30, 2013.

The Special Revenue Funds have a total fund balance of \$17.6 million. Nonspendable fund balance invested in inventory equals \$181,117. Fund balance is restricted for food service in the amount of \$6,967,785, for state special revenue in the amount of \$1,247,146 with the remaining balance of \$9.2 million committed for local special revenue funds. Approximately 52% of the total fund balance is from activity in several local special revenue funds. Of the remaining balance, 39.6% is restricted for use by food service with 7.1% restricted for state grants.

The Debt Service fund balance decreased by \$262,715 due to principal and interest payments that outpaced tax revenue. The District's semi-annual debt payment of \$20.9 million is due in mid-August. As of June 30 it was neither expended nor accrued.

Proprietary Funds—The District maintains both enterprise funds and internal service funds. Information is presented separately in the proprietary fund statement of net position and in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position for the Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Funds.

Net position in the Enterprise Funds as of June 30, 2014 was \$129,021. Net position for the 2014 year increased by \$31,504. This increase is due to a \$17,135 increase in the Concessions Enterprise Fund as a result of reduced operating expenses for supplies and materials. The Photography Enterprise Fund shows the remainder of the increase of \$14,369 as a result of operating revenue exceeding decreased expenses.

Net position in the Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2014 remained at \$4.2 million. The majority of this amount is unrestricted to be used for future expenses in the health benefits, workers' compensation and unemployment internal service funds. Net position decreased by \$65,605 during fiscal year 2014. This small decrease is primarily attributable to the \$56,344 decrease in net position for the Print Shop. Equipment was replaced during the year which resulted in higher monthly lease payment by approximately \$30,000. In addition, increases were seen in payroll costs as a result of the 1% raise and one-time payment granted to all staff. Offsetting changes in net position for the Worker's Compensation Fund and Unemployment Fund resulted in an increase of \$16,234. The Insurance Claims Fund had a decrease in net position of \$37,491 due to increased claims during the year. The amounts combine to account for the decrease in net position of \$65,605.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the 2013 Legislative session, the Texas Legislature restored \$3.2 billion of the reductions made in 2011. However, funds were not restored in a proportionate manner which resulted in the District's restoration being less than 30% compared to a statewide average of 77%. The District adopted the 2013-14 budget days after the legislative session ended in early June 2013, thus, the original budget was based on the prior funding law resulting in an adopted budget deficit of \$28.4 million. Restoration of state funding for the District was accomplished by a reduction in property tax recapture payments which subsequently reduced the adopted deficit to \$18.2 million. The method of restoration provided no additional state funding as an increase in State revenue. To address the deficit and provide for a solid revenue stream going forward, the District adopted a maintenance and operating tax rate of \$1.17 for 2013-14 which exceeded the amount the District could set without seeking voter approval through a tax ratification election. The Board of Trustees scheduled the tax ratification election for November 5, 2013. The voters responded favorably with 63% voting in favor of the higher tax rate. The increase in tax revenue was offset in part by an increase in the District's property tax recapture payment. An 1% raise as well as an 1% one-time pay stipend was included in the adopted budget. Capital outlay of \$405,000 was included in the adopted budget with \$315,000 appropriated to fund vehicle replacement for Facility Services and the Distribution Center. Budget for all other non-payroll related items were either held constant except in areas impacted by external price increases over which the District had no control such as fuel and property insurance or decreased as was the case for Contracted Services due to anticipated savings from a new electricity contract.

In the General Fund, the final budgeted amount for revenues was \$420.2 million. Local tax revenue was amended for the increase in tax revenue of \$49.4 million as a result of the 13 cent increase in the maintenance and operating tax rate as well as certified property values coming in approximately 1.5% higher than the preliminary values on which the original budget was based. Budget amendments to state revenue based on the new state funding law and the reclassification of SHARS Medicaid revenue to federal revenue resulted in a decrease of \$13.2 million. Federal budgeted revenue increased by \$2.7 million as a result of reclassifying the SHARS Medicaid revenue to this category.

Over the course of the fiscal year, the District revised its budget several times. Final results indicate actual expenditures were \$15.2 million below final budgeted amounts. The most significant positive variances were seen in the functional areas of Instruction, Facilities Maintenance and Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools. Staffing is budgeted at the full employment level throughout the entire year. Budget amounts for vacant positions throughout the year are not eligible for budget revisions and contribute to the variance between budgeted salaries and actual salaries. Contracted services for repairs, utilities and custodial contract were less than anticipated in Facilities Maintenance. The District's weighted average daily attendance (WADA) increased during the year which accounts for the reduction in the Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools. Overall the expenditure budget variance represents a 3.3% variance on the total expenditure budget of \$459 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2014, the District had invested \$997.2 million net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and Construction in Progress. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, retirements and depreciation) of \$9.5 million over last year.

	As of 6/30/14		As of 6/30/13	
Land and improvements	\$	120,963,431	\$ 118,894,228	
Buildings and improvements		1,240,062,643	1,173,112,051	
Construction in progress		34,727,773	59,770,973	
Furniture, equipment, & vehicles		104,037,550	 101,568,970	
Totals		1,499,791,397	1,453,346,222	
Total accumulated depreciation		(502,611,737)	 (465,635,021)	
Net capital assets	\$	997,179,660	\$ 987,711,201	

The year's major capital asset additions include the addition at Plano West Senior High, first phase of Academy High School, Plano East Senior High IB Academy, Williams Health Science Academy, renovations at Mitchell and Rasor Elementary, roof replacements at Carpenter, Skaggs and Stinson and HVAC upgrades at Administrative and Facility Service Buildings. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration and Bond Ratings

Debt-management policies seek to provide the most favorable climate for District debt projects while upholding the highest rating possible for debt instruments. Management policies include the following points:

- All debt service obligations will be met when due.
- Long-term financing will be restricted to capital projects and capital equipment acquisition.
- Long-term bonds will not be issued to finance current operations.
- The District will cooperate and communicate with bond-rating agencies and work towards obtaining the most favorable municipal bond rating possible.
- Outstanding obligations will be reviewed frequently to ensure the most favorable funding structure for the District.
- All necessary information and material regarding the District's financial status will be provided to the appropriate parties.

As of June 30, 2014, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$924.6 million. The ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of net bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the District's debt position. Data presented in the statistical section indicate both of these indicators decreased. Net bonded debt per capita decreased to \$2,690 and the ratio of net bonded debt to assessed value decreased to 2.73 percent.

The District has authorized unissued bonds as of June 30, 2014 in the amount of \$16,020,000. During the year, the District issued \$25,955,000 Series 2013 Refunding Bonds used to refund \$28,520,000 of outstanding Series 2004 bonds. In addition, the District issued \$40,795,000 Series 2014 Refunding Bonds used to refund \$48,910,000 of outstanding Series 2005 bonds. The District continues to enjoy excellent bond ratings. Rating agency reviews were last conducted in December 2013 in conjunction with the issuance of the Series 2014 Unlimited Refunding Tax Bonds. Moody's Investors Service, Inc. assigned an underlying rating of Aaa while Standard and Poor's Corporation assigned an underlying rating of AA+ with a stable outlook to the District's debt obligations during their December 2013 reviews.

Interest earnings on proceeds from debt are subject to arbitrage regulations contained in the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986. As of June 30, 2014 a liability for arbitrage rebate in the amount of \$31,434 has been recorded in the liability section on the Governmental-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

Amounts included for compensated absences include accrued vacation according to the District's leave policy. Employees who terminate their employment may be paid accrued vacation not to exceed 40 days carryover plus the current-year vacation allocation. More detailed information about the District's general long-term debt is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The local economic climate is as favorable as it has been in several years. Net taxable property values reported in the summer of 2014 grew by \$1.9 billion (5.2%) from 2013 and now total \$38.4 billion. Of this growth, \$542 million was for new construction. The balance reflects increases in value of existing property. There are several new construction projects underway in the District which will add to property growth in 2015 and future years. In April 2014, Toyota announced the relocation of its corporate headquarters to Plano. The new corporate campus will be developed in a \$2 billion mixed use development in west Plano. Approximately, 4000 employees will be affected by the move. A second relocation project involves State Farm Insurance Company. This project is well under construction with State Farm projecting some initial occupancy by the end of 2014. In addition to the four tower office complex, adjacent multi-family and retail development, is expected to result in a total investment of \$1.5 billion when completed. Raytheon has broken ground on a new corporate campus that is expected to be completed by the end of 2015. Although property value growth has minimal impact on net general fund revenue due to the equalization provisions of the state funding formula, it does enhance debt service fund revenues and ultimately reduces the tax rate necessary to service existing debt payments.

With the passage of the tax ratification election in November 2013, the District has capacity to provide competitive salaries and continue support for a broad spectrum of academic offerings for the next several years. By working through the District's strong education foundation, local donations continue to be secured to assist with the support and development of academy program offerings for the students of Plano Independent School District.

School finance litigation is not yet settled. Following the conclusion of the 2011 legislative session, new state funding litigation was filed and on February 4, 2013 the District Court of Travis County rendered a preliminary ruling that the current system was unconstitutional based on (1) equity, (2) adequacy and (3) establishment of a de facto statewide property tax. At the time the preliminary ruling was rendered, the 2013 legislative session was underway. Possibly in reaction to the ruling and certainly in light of an economic rebound, the legislature restored \$3.2 billion of the \$4.0 billion formula funding reduction from the 2011 session although not in a prorated manner to all districts.

As a result of this legislative action, the Court granted a motion to reopen the evidence in the case. An evidentiary hearing was conducted for a three week period in January and February 2014. On August 28, 2014 Judge Dietz ruled the Texas school finance system is unconstitutional by upholding the same three reasons as stated in his preliminary ruling. The Attorney General informed attorneys in the case on Friday, September 26th that his office will appeal the ruling directly to the Texas Supreme Court. The details of the appeal are not available at this time, but are expected to come in the next few weeks.

The District adopted its 2014-15 budget on June 3, 2014. The 2014-15 general fund budget is a balanced budget with revenues and other sources of \$503.5 million. Appropriations including recapture equal the same total of \$503.5 million. Budgeted local revenue includes \$23.6 million in additional tax revenue as a result of an approximate 5% increase in property values. The appropriations budget includes \$15 million in increased payroll costs associated with increased instructional staffing and a 3.5% compensation increase. All other non-payroll budgeted appropriations (excluding recapture payments to the state) decreased. Recapture payments to the state include a budgeted \$13.3 million increase due the increase budgeted for local tax revenue.

On September 2, 2014 the District adopted a maintenance and operations tax rate of \$1.17 per \$100 of taxable assessed value which is the same rate approved by voters during fiscal year 2014. The District also adopted a debt service tax rate of 27.8 cents representing a 0.5 cent reduction from 2013-14. With property values slightly above their original estimate, the District was able to adopt a lower debt service rate. The debt service fund is budgeted to use \$1.4 million of fund balance, but is projected to end fiscal year 2015 with a fund balance of over \$33 million.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Executive Director for Financial Services or the Accounting/Budget Director, at 2700 W. 15th Street, Plano, Texas 75075, or call (469) 752-8118 or 8115.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Teamwork for Excellence



PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

			1		2		3
		Primary Government				nt	
Data				В	Business		_
Control		G	overnmental		Type		
Codes			Activities	A	Activities		Total
400ET	0.						
ASSET		r.	250 444 505	ф	000 440	ф	250 240 652
1110 1220	Cash and Investments	\$	350,111,505	\$	238,148	\$	350,349,653
1220	Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent) Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		11,493,342 (4,480,135)		-		11,493,342
1230	Due from Other Governments		9,035,382		-		(4,480,135) 9,035,382
1250	Accrued Interest		60,932		20		60,952
1290	Other Receivables, Net		1,019,348		387,378		1,406,726
1300	Inventories		1,321,252		-		1,321,252
1410	Deferred Expenses		1,247,289		1,122		1,248,411
	-current Assets		1,247,203		1,122		1,240,411
	apital Assets:						
1510	Land		77,097,642		_		77,097,642
1520	Buildings, Net		830,686,836		_		830,686,836
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		25,837,421		_		25,837,421
1540	Other Capital Assets, Net		28,829,988		_		28,829,988
1580	Construction in Progress		34,727,773		_		34,727,773
1000	Total Assets		1,366,988,575		626,668		1,367,615,243
			1,000,000,000				.,,
DEFER	RED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		19,434,125		-		19,434,125
1700	Total Defered Outflows of Resources		19,434,125				19,434,125
LIABIL	ITIES:						
2110	Accounts Payable		13,215,708		58,281		13,273,989
2140	Interest Payable		14,858,214		, -		14,858,214
2150	Payroll Deduction & Withholdings		2,610,231		-		2,610,231
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		46,243,619		117,952		46,361,571
2180	Due to Other Governments		11,047,875		-		11,047,875
2200	Accrued Expenses		2,161,008		-		2,161,008
2300	Unearned Revenues		864,410		321,414		1,185,824
Non-	-Current Liabilities						
2501	Due within One Year		66,188,369		-		66,188,369
2502	Due in More than One Year		898,511,754		-		898,511,754
2000	Total Liabilities		1,055,701,188		497,647		1,056,198,835
NET PO	OSITION:						
3200	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		120,499,074		_		120,499,074
0200	Restricted for:		120, 100,07				120, 100,01
3820	Restricted for State Programs		1,247,146		-		1,247,146
3840	Restricted for Food Service		7,148,902		-		7,148,902
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		20,846,416		-		20,846,416
3900	Unrestricted Net Position		180,979,974		129,021		181,108,995
3000	Total Net Position	\$	330,721,512	\$	129,021	\$	330,850,533

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Program Revenues
			3	4
Data				Operating
Cont	rol		Charges of	Grant and
Code	es	Expenses	Services	Contributions
Pri	mary Government:			
(GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:			
11	Instruction	\$ 316,343,437	\$ 3,760,766	\$ 40,725,438
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	8,882,454	-	465,427
13	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	7,439,616	86,092	1,828,661
21	Instructional Leadership	3,383,330	-	715,046
23	School Leadership	24,812,162	-	1,868,145
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	18,481,335	7,486	2,059,548
32	Social Work Services	914,444	-	48,552
33	Health Services	5,306,311	-	498,142
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	14,221,710	-	589,052
35	Food Services	24,491,684	13,659,438	10,106,297
36	Extracurricular Activities	13,817,354	1,612,060	5,364,824
41	General Administration	9,802,666	48,624	558,681
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations	39,576,466	978,665	833,668
52	Security and Monitoring Services	3,389,610	-	158,554
53	Data Processing Services	5,331,775	-	335,670
61	Community Services	1,826,495	11,229	1,434,396
72	Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt	38,770,726	-	-
73	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	308,170	-	-
81	Other Facility Costs	13,684,442	-	-
91	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	36,015,750	-	-
92	Incremental Costs Associated with Chapter 41	600,000	-	-
93	Payment to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	999,041	-	732,676
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	118,232	-	-
97	Payments to Tax Increment Fund	1,875,134	-	-
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	2,632,178		
	(TG) Total Governmental Activities:	593,024,522	20,164,360	68,322,777
	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:			
01	Employee Child Care	1,219,369	1,273,771	_
02	After School Care	4,966,384	7,541,683	_
03	Concessions	210,699	227,834	-
03	Photography	42,005	56,374	-
-	(TB) Total Business-Type Activities:	6,438,457	9,099,662	
	TP) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 599,462,979	\$ 29,264,022	\$ 68,322,777
	· ·			

Data

Control General Revenues:

Codes Taxes:

MT Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

DT Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

GC Grants and Contributions not Restricted

IE Investment Earnings

MI Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue

FR Transfers In (Out)

TR Total General Revenues and Transfers

CN Change in Net Position

NB Net Position - Beginning, as Restated

NE Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Change	es in Net Asse	ts	
	6		7		8
		Primary	Government		
G	overnmental	Busi	ness Type		
	Activities	Α	ctivities		Total
					_
•	(074 057 000)	•			(074 057 000)
\$	(271,857,233)	\$	-	\$	(271,857,233)
	(8,417,027)		-		(8,417,027)
	(5,524,863)		-		(5,524,863)
	(2,668,284)		-		(2,668,284)
	(22,944,017)		-		(22,944,017)
	(16,414,301)		-		(16,414,301)
	(865,892)		-		(865,892)
	(4,808,169)		-		(4,808,169)
	(13,632,658)		-		(13,632,658)
	(725,949)		-		(725,949)
	(6,840,470)		-		(6,840,470)
	(9,195,361)		-		(9,195,361)
	(37,764,133)		-		(37,764,133)
	(3,231,056)		-		(3,231,056)
	(4,996,105)		-		(4,996,105)
	(380,870)		-		(380,870)
	(38,770,726)		-		(38,770,726)
	(308,170)		-		(308,170)
	(13,684,442)		-		(13,684,442)
	(36,015,750)		-		(36,015,750)
	(600,000)		-		(600,000)
	(266,365)		-		(266,365)
	(118,232)		-		(118,232)
	(1,875,134)		-		(1,875,134)
	(2,632,178)				(2,632,178)
	(504,537,385)		-		(504,537,385)
			E4 400		E4 400
	-		54,402		54,402
	-		2,575,299		2,575,299
	-		17,135		17,135
_		-	14,369		14,369
			2,661,205		2,661,205
\$	(504,537,385)	\$	2,661,205	\$	(501,876,180)
	412,189,988		_		412,189,988
	101,575,067		-		101,575,067
	25,147,980		-		25,147,980
	623,136		2,587		625,723
	2,687,011		-,		2,687,011
	2,632,288		(2,632,288)		
	544,855,470		(2,629,701)		542,225,769
	40,318,085		31,504		40,349,589
	290,403,427		97,517		290,500,944
\$	330,721,512	\$	129,021	\$	330,850,533
Ψ	000,121,012	Ψ	123,021	Ψ	000,000,000

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control Codes			10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund		60 Capital Project	
ASSETS):						
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	219,205,895	\$	34,186,681	\$	72,173,152
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		9,066,979		2,426,363		-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(3,587,870)		(892,265)		-
1240	Due from Other Governments		4,673,441		87,537		-
1250 1260	Accrued Interest Due from Other Funds		36,403		5,475		16,363
1200	Other Receivables		1,426,240 801,730		-		-
1300	Inventories		1,140,135		_		_
1410	Prepaid Expenditures		904,169		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	233,667,122	\$	35,813,791	\$	72,189,515
LIABILIT				<u> </u>	,,	_	,,
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	4,790,791	\$		\$	8,179,562
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	Ψ	2,610,231	Ψ	_	Ψ	0,179,302
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		43,094,593		_		2,678
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		_		-
2180	Due to Other Governments		11,044,535		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenues		16,625		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		61,556,775				8,182,240
DEFERR	RED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		2,930,918		888,768		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,930,918		888,768		
FUND B	ALANCES:						
	Nonspendable						
3410	Investments in Inventory		1,140,135		-		-
3430	Prepaid Expenditures		904,169		-		-
	Restricted						
3480	Debt Service		-		34,925,023		-
3470	Capital Projects		-		-		64,007,275
3450	Food Service		-		-		-
3450	State Special Revenue Committed		-		-		-
3545	Local Special Revenue		-		-		-
	Assigned						
3590	Purchases on order		2,183,886		-		-
3590	Subsequent year's budget: for capital projects		10,700,000		-		-
3600	Unassigned		154,251,239				-
	Total Fund Balances		169,179,429		34,925,023		64,007,275
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	233,667,122	\$	35,813,791	\$	72,189,515
			· 				·

		Tatal	
	Other	Total	
	Other	Governmental	
	Funds	Funds	
¢	10 520 156	¢ 244 00E 00	
\$	18,530,156	\$ 344,095,88	
	-	11,493,34	
	-	(4,480,13	,
	4,274,404	9,035,38	
	1,720	59,96	
		1,426,24	
	165,926	967,65	
	181,117	1,321,25	
	4,226	908,39)5
\$	23,157,549	\$ 364,827,97	7
\$	197,320	\$ 13,167,67	'3
	´-	2,610,23	
	3,133,259	46,230,53	
	1,387,334	1,387,33	
	3,340	11,047,87	
	847,785	864,41	
	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	5,569,038	75,308,05	3
			_
		3,819,68	86
	-	3,819,68	86
	181,117	1,321,25	2
	4,226	908,39	
	.,0	333,33	•
	-	34,925,02	23
	-	64,007,27	'5
	6,967,785	6,967,78	
	1,247,146	1,247,14	
	9,188,237	9,188,23	37
	_	2,183,88	36
	_	10,700,00	
	_	154,251,23	
	17,588,511	285,700,23	8
\$	23,157,549	\$ 364,827,97	7
	, . 3. ,0 . 3	, -3.,02.,01	•

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EXHIBIT C-2

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 285,700,238
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. The cost of the capital assets is \$1,499,754,579, and the accumulated depreciation associated with the capital assets is \$502,595,832.	997,158,747
Uncollected property taxes are reported as deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds balance sheet but are recognized as a revenue in the statement of activities.	3,819,686
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds (including net capital assets of \$20,913) are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	4,167,053
Long-term liabilities of \$964,700,123 are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. A deferred charge on an advanced refunding of bonds payable of \$19,434,125 is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	(945,265,998)
Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	 (14,858,214)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 330,721,512

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Contro			10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund		al Debt Service		60 Capital Project
REVEN	NUES:							
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	420,626,695	\$	101,402,995	\$ 169,693		
5800	State Program Revenues		39,537,140		-	-		
5900	Federal Program Revenues		4,978,648			 		
5020	Total Revenues		465,142,483		101,402,995	169,693		
EXPEN	IDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		265,015,877		-	-		
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		7,485,614		-	-		
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		5,775,939		-	-		
0021	Instructional Leadership		2,781,787		-	-		
0023	School Leadership		23,253,181		-	-		
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		17,064,567		-	-		
0032	Social Work Services		913,327		-	-		
0033	Health Services		4,960,459		-	-		
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		12,561,104		-	-		
0035	Food Services		-		-	-		
0036	Extracurricular Activities		6,501,444		-	-		
0041	General Admininstration		9,419,495		-	-		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		37,336,201		-	-		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		3,264,548		-	-		
0053	Data Processing Services		5,064,389		-	-		
0061	Community Services		731,291		-	-		
	Debt Service:							
0071	Debt Service - Principal on Long Term Debt		-		56,610,000	-		
0072	Debt Service- Interest on Long Term Debt		-		43,631,630	-		
0073	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		308,170	-		
0081	Capital Outlay: Facilities Acquisition and Construction		96 695			57.059.220		
0001	Intergovernmental:		86,685		-	57,058,229		
0001	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		26 015 750					
0091			36,015,750		-	-		
0092	Incremental Costs Associated with Chapter 41		600,000		-	-		
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		266,365		-	-		
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		118,232		-	-		
0097	Payments to Tax Increment Fund		1,875,134		-	-		
0099	Other Intergovermental Charges	_	2,632,178		-	 		
6030	Total Expenditures		443,723,567		100,549,800	57,058,229		
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
	Expenditures		21,418,916		853,195	(56,888,536)		
OTHER	R FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		, -,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(,,,		
7911	Refunding Bonds Issued		_		74,750,000	_		
7915	Transfers In		2,632,288		160,440	8,741,436		
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		5,672,938	-		
7919	Insurance Recoveries		505,000		-	_		
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(9,545,298)		-	(160,440)		
8949	Payment to Bond Escrow Agent		(3,545,296)		(81,699,288)	(100,770)		
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(6,408,010)		(1,115,910)	 8,580,996		
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		15,010,906		(262,715)	 (48,307,540)		
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)				(262,715) 35,187,738			
0 100	i und balance - July i (begliilling)	-	154,168,523		33,101,138	 112,314,815		
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	169,179,429	\$	34,925,023	\$ 64,007,275		

Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 24,904,494 11,408,586 26,305,079	\$ 547,103,877 50,945,726 31,283,727
 62,618,159	629,333,330
26,026,547 104,492 1,474,696 587,767 578,076 1,151,955 1,099 241,236 67,556 22,481,937 5,258,595 221,666 1,1161,151 156,775 410,518	291,042,424 7,590,106 7,250,635 3,369,554 23,831,257 18,216,522 914,426 5,201,695 12,628,660 22,481,937 11,760,039 9,641,161 38,497,352 3,421,323 5,474,907
950,372	1,681,663
- - -	56,610,000 43,631,630 308,170
500,000	57,644,914
732,676 - - - -	36,015,750 600,000 999,041 118,232 1,875,134 2,632,178
62,107,114	663,438,710
 511,045	(34,105,380)
303,862 - - - - 303,862 814,907	74,750,000 11,838,026 5,672,938 505,000 (9,705,738) (81,699,288) 1,360,938 (32,744,442)
 16,773,604	318,444,680
\$ 17,588,511	\$ 285,700,238

\$

40,318,085

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$	(32,744,442)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$46,794,845 exceeded depreciation of \$37,479,676 in the current period, net of disposition of assets of \$(149,520) (Certain expenditures are reported in the Facilities Acquisition and Construction category which are under the capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and therefore are not considered capital outlay.)				9,464,689
Repayment of principal and other long-term debt is an expenditure in the govern the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and is the current period. This amount represents the following: current year				
Principal Payment	\$	56,610,000		
Advanced Bond Refunding		77,430,000		
Deferred Refunding Amount		2,088,130		
Amortization of Premium Amortization of loss on Bond Refunding		8,182,028		
Increase in Accreted Interest		(2,158,782) (119,719)		
Reduction of Arbitrage		6,715		
Noducion of 7 ii zinage		0,7 10		142,038,372
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental tax revenues, net of bad debt, increased (decreased) by this amount.				844,100
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amou governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the fur and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	nds v	when it is due		1,138,534
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounthe year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured financial resources used. This year, compensated absences used exceeded the	l by	the amount of		
•				65,375
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activit insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income funds is reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation net position.	of in	iternal service		(65,605)
Proceeds of bonds (including premium) issued during the year are recognized a				
Sources in the governmental funds but increase non-current liabilities in the Position.	Stat	ement of Net		(80,422,938)
			•	10.010.005

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		iness-Type ctivities	Governmental Activities		
	E	Total nterprise Funds	Se	Total Internal rvice Funds	
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	238,148	\$	6,015,621	
Accrued Interest		20		971	
Other Receivables		387,378		51,692	
Prepaid Expenses	-	1,122		338,894	
Total Current Assets		626,668		6,407,178	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Furniture and Equipment		5,445		31,374	
Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment		(5,445)		(10,461)	
Total Noncurrent Assets				20,913	
TOTAL ASSETS:		626,668		6,428,091	
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		58,281		48,035	
Accrued Wages Payable		117,952		13,089	
Accrued Expenses		-		2,161,008	
Unearned Revenues		321,414		-	
Due To Other Funds				38,906	
TOTAL LIABILITIES:		497,647		2,261,038	
NET POSITION:					
Investments in Capital Assets		_		20,913	
Unrestricted Net Position		129,021		4,146,140	
TOTAL NET POSITION:	\$	129,021	\$	4,167,053	

EXHIBIT D-2

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		siness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities																	
	Total Enterprise Funds		Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise		Se	Total Internal rvice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:																				
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	9,099,662	\$	38,362,112																
Total Operating Revenues		9,099,662		38,362,112																
OPERATING EXPENSES:																				
Payroll Costs		4,845,046		1,087,107																
Professional and Contracted Services		84,527		1,903,303																
Supplies and Materials		215,286		429,419																
Other Operating Costs		1,293,598		35,529,063																
		,,																		
Total Operating Expenses		6,438,457		38,948,892																
Operating Income (Loss)		2,661,205		(586,780)																
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments Insurance Recovery		2,587		7,756 13,419																
Total Non Operating Revenue		2,587		21,175																
Income Before Transfers		2,663,792		(565,605)																
Transfers In		_		500,000																
Transfers Out		(2,632,288)																		
Change in Net Position		31,504		(65,605)																
TOTAL NET POSITION - JULY 1 (BEGINNING)		97,517		4,232,658																
TOTAL NET POSITION - JUNE 30 (ENDING)	\$	129,021	\$	4,167,053																

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Ви	Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities	
		Total Enterprise Funds	Se	Total Internal rvice Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	9,071,992	\$	38,352,226	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(4,832,836)		(1,086,065)	
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims Cash Payments for Suppliers		(316,031)		(1,413,552) (1,374,151)	
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(1,294,868)		(37,543,902)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		2,628,257		(3,065,444)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				_	
Transfer In		-		500,000	
Transfers Out		(2,632,288)		-	
Insurance Proceeds		-		13,419	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activties		(2,632,288)		513,419	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of Capital Assets Sale of Capital Asset		-		(16,430) 11,166	
Net Cash (Used for) by Non-Capital Financing Activties				(5,264)	
				(3,204)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Securities		82,892		4 070 722	
Interest and Dividends on Investments		2,604		4,979,732 8,525	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		85,496		4,988,257	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		81,465		2,430,968	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		97,967		1,494,651	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		179,432		3,925,619	
Temporary Investment Not in Cash Equivalents		58,716		2,090,002	
CASH ON BALANCE SHEET	\$	238,148	\$	6,015,621	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,661,205	\$	(586,780)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (loss) to Net				,	
Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		-		1,494	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in Receivables		(27,778)		(48,792)	
Decrease (increase) in Prepaid Expenses		4		4,844	
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		(17,492)		(2,520,425)	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable Increase (decrease) Due to Other Funds		12,210 -		1,042 38,906	
Increase (decrease) Unearned Revenues		108		-	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses				44,267	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	2,628,257	\$	(3,065,444)	

EXHIBIT E-1

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Fund				
ASSETS:					
Investments - Current	\$	441,341			
Accrued Interest		27			
Other Receivables		235			
Total Assets		441,603			
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable		2,615			
Due to Student Groups		321,401			
Due to Other Groups		117,587			
Total Liabilities	\$	441,603			

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Plano Independent School District (District) is an independent school district governed by the Board of Trustees (Board), composed of seven Board Members, all of whom are elected officials. The Board is the basic level of government which has responsibility and control over all activities related to the public school education in the city of Plano and portions of the cities of Richardson, Dallas, Murphy, Parker, Carrollton and Allen which lie within the District's boundaries. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity," as defined in pronouncements by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Reporting Entity as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Transactions among governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due from other funds on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position and as other financing sources and uses on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the consolidation of funds for the Statement of Activities. All interfund transactions that do not represent services provided and used between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from other funds on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities reduce the cost of the function to be financed from General Revenues. Taxes and other items not properly identified as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense to each function.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements—The government-wide financial statements, as well as the agency and proprietary fund statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

Fund Financial Statements--Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded when payments are due. Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Funds

The District reports its financial activities through the use of "fund accounting". The activities of the District are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts to reflect results of activities. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to assist management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

As required by the Texas Education Agency, the following fund types are included in the financial statements:

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through the Governmental Fund Types.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenses and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.
- Debt Service Fund The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the retirement of, long-term debt and related costs.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, renovation or construction of capital facilities. Proceeds are received through long-term debt financing and other authorized sources.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Governmental Funds – Continued

Other governmental funds include:

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than private-purpose trust funds or capital projects) such as federal, state or locally financed programs. Funds are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is appropriate for sound financial administration.

- Enterprise Funds The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private enterprise where the District's intent is to provide services financed primarily through user charges. The District accounts for concession sales, Employee Child Care and the After School Care, and Photography as enterprise funds.
- Internal Service Funds The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The print shop, health benefits, workers' compensation self-funded, unemployment benefits, sign shop and insurance claims self-funded programs of the District are accounted for in these funds. Accrued liabilities include provisions for claims reported and claims incurred but not reported. The provision for reported claims is determined by estimating the amount which will ultimately be paid to each claimant. The provision for claims incurred but not yet reported is estimated based on District experience since the inception of the programs and data provided by actuarial consultants.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other funds.

Agency Funds - Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency Funds account for the receipt and disbursement of monies from student activity organizations and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. The student activity organizations exist with the explicit approval of, and are subject to revocation by, the District's Board. This accounting reflects the District's agency relationship with the student activity organizations.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, money market bank sweep accounts, money markets, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments with maturities exceeding twelve months at the date of purchase are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which the investment can be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Investments with maturities of twelve months or less at the date of purchase are held at amortized cost. Management of the District believes that in the areas of investment practice, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the State of Texas Public Funds Investment Act. Additionally, management of the District believes that investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible. The property tax receivable allowance is 39% of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2014.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity.

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30, 2014. The cost of governmental fund type prepaid balances are recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Grant Fund Accounting

The Special Revenue Funds include programs that are financed on a project grant basis. These projects have grant periods that range from less than twelve months to in excess of two years. Grants are recorded as revenues when earned. Cost reimbursement grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grants. Funds received, but not earned, are recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

Indirect costs earned from grant programs are recorded as revenues of the General Fund. These indirect costs are determined by applying approved indirect cost rates to actual expenditures of the programs.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting system in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental fund financial statements. Encumbrances, which have not been liquidated, are reported as assignments of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. District policy requires that such amounts be reappropriated in the following fiscal year.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, building, building improvements and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The capitalization threshold is a unit cost of \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings and building improvements of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method beginning in the year after they are placed in service. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	Useful Life
Buildings and building improvements	50 years
Vehicles and buses	10 years
Furniture	20 years
Equipment	
Computers	5 years
Kitchen equipment	10 years
Custodial equipment	15 years
Telephone equipment	10 years
Instruction and misc. equipment	10 years

Compensated Absences

Employees of the District are granted vacation and sick leave annually. Teachers do not receive paid vacations but are paid only for the number of days they are required to work each year. Full-time employees in positions that require 12 months of service are eligible for two weeks of vacation on July 1 following the first full year of employment. Full-time employees who have not been employed one full year as of July 1 are eligible to take accrued days after July 1 of that year but shall not be eligible for the full two weeks until July 1 of the following year. Full-time employees who have completed five years of service in the District are granted three weeks of vacation per year. Employees in positions that require 12 months of service may extend accrued vacation time to September 30 each year. Vacation days not used by September 30 may be carried over, with a maximum accrual of 40 days. As of June 30, 2014, the District recorded \$3,799,607 in the government-wide financial statements for accrued vacation liabilities. Employees are allowed to accrue five days of state personal leave and seven days of local sick leave each year without limit.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Compensated Absences – Continued

State personal leave and local sick leave do not vest under the District's policy and accordingly, employees can only utilize state personal and sick leave when sick, or state personal leave for personal reasons when approved by their supervisor. Since the employees' accumulating rights to receive compensation for future absences are contingent upon the absences being caused by future illnesses and such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, a liability for unused sick leave is not recorded in the financial statements.

Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported inclusive of applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Losses on refunding are capitalized and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new issuance or the life on existing debt using the effective interest method and are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs and deferred losses on refunding as expenditures during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balances and Net Position

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes the following:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt -- the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt net of premiums and discounts, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these capital assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fund Balances and Net Position - Continued

Governmental Wide Financial Statements - Continued

Restricted for Debt Service -- the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by law.

Restricted for Food Service -- the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Restricted for State Programs -- the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by the State of Texas.

Unrestricted -- the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt and restricted net position.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund balances are classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable -- includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid items and long term receivables.

Restricted -- includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This classification includes the child nutrition program, retirement of long term debt, construction programs and other federal and state grants.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fund Balances and Net Position - Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statement – Continued

Committed -- includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolution passed by the District's Board of Trustees. This classification includes campus activity funds, local special revenue funds and potential litigation, claims and judgments.

Assigned -- includes fund balance amounts that are self-imposed by the District to be used for a particular purpose. As defined by the Fiscal Management Goals and Objectives Policy, fund balance can be assigned by the District's Board, the Superintendent, or the Associate Superintendent of Business Services. This classification includes insurance deductibles, encumbrances, program start-up costs, projected budget deficit for subsequent years and other legal uses.

Unassigned -- includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

It is the desire of the Board to attempt to maintain a fund balance in the general operating fund that is approximately 20 percent of general operating expenditures, excluding any nonspendable fund balance; and fund balance in the interest and sinking fund that is approximately 20 percent of the current annual debt services requirement.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is possible that the foundation revenue estimate as of June 30, 2014 will change.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes of the State of Texas and policies mandated by the District's Board of Trustees authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, public fund investment pools, mutual funds and money market accounts. All cash balances and investments are held separately in each of its funds.

As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the District's cash deposits were \$75,210 and the bank balance was \$14,523. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2014 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's bank in the District's name.

Depository information, required to be reported to the Texas Education Agency, is as follows:

- a) Name of depository bank: Bank of America, N.A.
- b) Amount of bond or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$81,575,406.
- c) Highest cash, savings and time deposits combined account balances amount was \$66,311,815 and occurred on January 30, 2014.
- d) Total amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$500,000.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)			
U.S. Agencies	\$ 42,003,600	0.282			
Commercial Paper	159,960,109	0.168			
Demand Deposits	130,051,110	0.000			
Public Funds Investment Pools	 18,711,346	0.003			
Total Fair Value	\$ 350,726,165				
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.112			

The fair value of investments is \$10,385 more than the book value reported by the District. As required by GASB Statement No. 31, the District recognizes the net unrealized gain/loss on investments with a maturity date greater than one year from the acquisition date and investments that are callable.

Interest rate risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, investments are made in a manner that ensures the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, and offsets during a 12-month period any market price losses resulting from interest-rate fluctuations by income received from the balance of the portfolio. The District's policy states that no individual investment transaction shall be undertaken that jeopardizes the total capital position of the overall portfolio.

Credit risk. The District's policy relating to the credit risk of investments reflects adherence to the Public Funds Investment Act, which limits investments in commercial paper to not less than A-1 or P-1 or equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. As of June 30, 2014, the District had commercial paper of \$159,960,109 in the portfolio. The District's investments in public funds investment pools and money market mutual funds include those with TexPool and TexStar. TexPool and TexStar are public funds investment pools operating in full compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act. TexPool and TexStar are rated as AAA money market funds by Standard & Poor's. Both investment pools use amortized costs, rather than market value, to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool. As of June 30, 2014, the District's investment in TexPool and TexStar was \$6,416,616 and \$12,294,730, respectively.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

<u>Concentration of credit risk.</u> The investment policy of the District places no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer; however, the investment portfolio is diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer. More than 5% of the District's investments are in the following instruments:

	Percentage			
Commercial Paper	of	S&P	Moody	Fitch
Investment Description	Investments	Rating	Rating	Rating
GE Capital Corp	9.98%	A-1+	P-1	Not rated
Wells Fargo & Co	9.98%	A-1	P-1	F1+
JP Morgan Sec	8.55%	A-1	P-1	F1
Toyota Mtr Cr	7.41%	A-1+	P-1	Not rated

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u>. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. Under the Dodd Frank Act, deposits held in noninterest-bearing transaction accounts are now aggregated with any interest-bearing deposits the owner may hold in the same ownership category, and the combined total is insured up to \$250,000.

<u>Custodial credit risk – investments.</u> For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments held by third parties were fully collateralized and held in the District's name.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES AND STATE AID REVENUE

Property Taxes

The appraisal of property within the District is the responsibility of the Collin County Appraisal District (Appraisal District). The District's property taxes are levied annually in October on the basis of the Appraisal District's assessed values of property as of January 1 of that calendar year and are due and payable when assessed. Such taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied and become delinquent with an enforceable lien on property after January 31 of the subsequent calendar year.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES AND STATE AID REVENUE - CONTINUED

Property Taxes – Continued

Delinquent taxes receivable and the related allowance for uncollectible taxes are shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the fund financial Balance Sheet.

The District is permitted to levy taxes up to \$1.17 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental maintenance and operations. The tax rate for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt is determined by the debt service requirements of the outstanding bonds as approved by the voters prior to issuance. For the current fiscal year, the Board of Trustees set a tax rate of \$1.453 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The maintenance and debt service portions of such rate are \$1.17 and \$0.283, respectively. The 2013 assessed valuation was \$35,508,818,530 resulting in a tax levy of \$506,969,500 for the current fiscal year. The 2013 tax levy reflects an adjustment of \$8,973,671 of frozen homestead exemptions for taxpayers 65 years and older as mandated by state property tax laws.

Property taxes which are measurable (quantifiable) and available (collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to finance expenditures of the current period, which the District has estimated to be collected in the two months after the fiscal year end) are recognized as revenue in the year of levy in the governmental fund financial statements. Property taxes, which are measurable but not available, are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as deferred revenues in the year of the levy in the governmental fund financial statements. Such deferred revenues are recognized in the fund financial statements as revenue in the fiscal year in which they become available. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which the taxes are levied.

Delinquent taxes receivable and the related allowance for uncollectible taxes in the governmental fund financial statements as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Delinquent Taxes Receivable, Gross		lowance for llectible Taxes	Delinquent Taxes Receivable, Net			
General fund Debt service fund	\$	9,066,979 2,426,363	\$ 3,587,870 892,265	\$	5,479,109 1,534,098		
Total	\$	11,493,342	\$ 4,480,135	\$	7,013,207		

The District entered into a tax increment reinvestment zone (TIF) agreement during the 1999 fiscal year.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES AND STATE AID REVENUE - CONTINUED

Property Taxes – Continued

The TIF zone number 2 agreement provides the District with a facility for administrative and ancillary functions. For fiscal year 2001 through 2015, the District will contribute 100% of the Maintenance and Operations portion of its taxes attributable to the incremental increase in the assessed value of the property within the TIF Zone. Tax Increment Financing due to the TIF Board of \$1,875,134 is reported as due to other governments in the General Fund and is payable January 2015 and relates to Tax Year 2013 TIF #2 taxes.

State Aid Revenue

The Texas Education Agency, through its application of state law, allocates state revenues to school districts by formula allocation. The District receives two allocations, a per capita allocation and a foundation program allocation. The District also recognizes revenues for the state's share of the contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. See Note 10 for additional information on the employee's retirement plan. Other state revenues are received through other state miscellaneous programs on an allocated basis.

State Program Revenues

The components of state program revenues as shown in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Revenues	Amou		
Per capita revenues	\$	14,458,195	
Foundation fund revenues	•	5,848,150	
Instructional materials allotment		7,078,047	
Other state revenues		3,976,138	
TRS on behalf		19,585,196	
Total State Program Revenues	\$	50,945,726	

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables due from other governments, as of June 30, 2014 for the District's individual major funds and non-major, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General Fund	Del	ot Service Fund	Pro	apital ojects ⁻ und	lon-Major nd Other Funds	Total
Due from the State of Texas Due from the Federal Government Due from Other Local Governments	\$ 4,329,308 - 344,133	\$	- - 87,537	\$	- - -	\$ 528,016 3,746,388 -	\$ 4,857,324 3,746,388 431,670
Total receivables	\$ 4,673,441	\$	87,537	\$	-	\$ 4,274,404	\$ 9,035,382

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2014 follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 76,247,957 59,770,973 136,018,930	\$ 849,685 43,980,185 44,829,870	\$ - 69,023,385 69,023,385	\$ 77,097,642 34,727,773 111,825,415
Capital assets being depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture/Equipment & Vehicles Total capital assets being depreciated	42,646,271 1,173,112,051 101,511,994 1,317,270,316	1,219,518 66,950,592 2,818,250 70,988,360	- 329,512 329,512	43,865,789 1,240,062,643 104,000,732 1,387,929,164
Total Capital Assets	 1,453,289,246	115,818,230	69,352,897	1,499,754,579
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture/Equipment & Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	 12,867,833 380,596,997 72,130,358 465,595,188	2,167,968 28,928,330 6,383,378 37,479,676	149,520 329,512 479,032	15,035,801 409,375,807 78,184,224 502,595,832
Governmental funds capital assets, net	987,694,058	78,338,554	68,873,865	997,158,747
Internal Service Funds: Furniture/Equipment & Vehicles Less Accumulated Depreciation Internal service funds capital assets, net	 51,531 34,388 17,143	16,430 1,494 14,936	36,587 25,421 11,166	31,374 10,461 20,913
Governmental activities capital assets, net	 987,711,201	78,353,490	68,885,031	997,179,660
Business Activities: Furniture/Equipment & Vehicles Less Accumulated Depreciation Business activities capital assets, net	5,445 5,445 -	- - -	- - -	5,445 5,445 -
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 987,711,201	\$ 78,353,490	\$ 68,885,031	\$ 997,179,660

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction Instructional resources and media services	\$ 26,016,464 1,491,013
Curriculum development and instructional staff development	189,876
Instructional leadership	15,936
School leadership	960,659
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	245,197
Health services	99,215
Student transportation	1,662,839
Food services	2,123,845
Co-curricular/extracurricular activities	2,152,456
General administration	169,520
Plant maintenance and operations	1,748,440
Security and monitoring services	243,967
Data processing services	201,777
Community services	142,484
Facilities acquisition and construction	17,482
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 37,481,170

Construction Commitments

The District had several active construction projects as of June 30, 2014. Projects included new school construction, additions to buildings and renovation or upgrades of existing facilities. Fiscal year 2014 expenses and estimated future expenditures for capital projects are funded from unexpended bond proceeds and additional general obligation bonds. The following summarizes the various types of projects:

New Construction -- Construction contracts were awarded during the year for the Plano East High School Health Academy addition.

Building Renovation/Upgrades -- Construction continued for renovations at Bethany, Brinker, Daffron and Hedgcoxe Elementary schools, and the addition at Hunt Elementary. At several campuses the district continued to work on security upgrades and minor capital project improvements.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Construction Commitments – Continued

Completed Projects -- During fiscal year 2014, the District completed the addition at PWSH, first phase of Academy High School, IB Academy, Williams Health Academy, renovations at Mitchell Elementary and Rasor Elementary, roof replacements at Carpenter, Skaggs and Stinson and HVAC upgrades at Administrative and Facility Service Buildings. Various security enhancements and upgrades were added at several campuses throughout the district.

Current projects include the following:

Project		Estimated Total Cost	xpenditures Incurred to 06/30/14	Estimated Future Expenditures	
Building Projects					
PSHS Minor Renovation	\$	176,694	\$ 96,502	\$	80,192
Clark HS Special Education Building Upgrades		39,500	381		39,119
PESH Health Academy		6,922,188	1,045,392		5,876,796
Shepton HS Renovation		73,093	20,035		53,058
Plano Academy High School		910,000	47,440		862,560
Jasper Security Upgrades		45,747	7,318		38,429
Carpenter Roof		26,800	2,830		23,970
Bowman CIP		12,825	2,200		10,625
Wilson Security Upgrades		68,187	35,499		32,688
Armstrong CIP		12,911	7,736		5,175
Schimelpfenig VCT and Security Improvements		492,835	319,223		173,612
Robinson Security Upgrades		25,388	16,717		8,671
Rice Security Upgrades		43,377	39,075		4,302
Shepard Capital Improvements		18,868	2,585		16,283
Christie Foundation Upgrades		22,483	14,466		8,017
Saigling Security Upgrades		21,396	12,665		8,731
Brinker Renovation		12,825,699	10,299,374		2,526,325
Daffron Renovation		13,474,530	11,812,531		1,661,999
Hedgcoxe Renovation		13,599,201	3,828,529		9,770,672
Bethany Renovation		15,950,006	4,828,805		11,121,201
Hickey Capital Improvements		27,600	279		27,321
Hunt Addition		3,087,149	2,214,833		872,316
Land improvement Projects					
PESH Health Academy		192,012	6,000		186,012
Brinker Renovation		354,151	14,004		340,147
Daffron Renovation		456,541	19,305		437,236
Hedgcoxe Renovation		221,495	11,762		209,733
Bethany Renovation		322,448	11,998		310,450
Hunt Addition		62,233	10,289		51,944
		52,250	 . 0,230		0.,0.1
Total Ongoing Construction	\$	69,485,357	\$ 34,727,773	\$	34,757,584

NOTE 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances in the fund financial statements as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	F	Receivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	1,426,240	\$	-	
Other Governmental Funds		-		1,387,334	
Internal Service Funds		_		38,906	
Totals	\$	1,426,240	\$	1,426,240	

The primary interfund transactions at year-end included amounts due to the General Fund from Other Governmental Funds for expenditures made by the funds prior to receiving reimbursement from the federal or state sources.

The following is a summary of the District's transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Transfers Out		Transfers In								Total	
	(General	De	bt Service	Cap	oital Projects	0	ther Gov.	Inte	rnal Service	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,741,436	\$	303,862	\$	500,000	\$ 9,545,298
Capital Projects Fund		-		160,440		-		-		-	160,440
Enterprise Funds		2,632,288						-			 2,632,288
	\$	2,632,288	\$	160,440	\$	8,741,436	\$	303,862	\$	500,000	\$ 12,338,026

The transfers made during the period consisted of the following:

From	To	Amount	Description
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 303,862	To finance costs in excess of federal allotments for Headstart; and to finance costs in excess of donations, grants and user charges in the Special Events Fund.
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	8,741,436	To finance capital projects.
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	500,000	To finance the overhead of the health insurance fund administration.
Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	160,440	Transfer interest earned to finance debt service costs associated with construction projects.
Enterprise Fund	General Fund	2,632,288	Transfer revenues in excess of costs from the After School Care Program and the Employee Child Care Program.
Total Transfers		\$ 12,338,026	•

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014

	Obligations Outstanding 7/1/2013		New Obligations Incurred		Obligations Retired or Refunded and Accretion		Obligations Outstanding 6/30/2014		Obligations Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$	983,813,196	\$	74,750,000	\$	(133,930,415)	\$	924,632,781	\$	65,699,776
CAB Premium and Accumulated Accretion		736,961		119,719		(109,584)		747,096		109,161
Premium on Bond Issuance		37,998,294		5,672,939		(8,182,028)		35,489,205		-
Compensated Absences		3,864,982		320,585		(385,960)		3,799,607		379,432
Arbitrage Liability	_	38,149				(6,715)		31,434		-
Totals	\$	1,026,451,582	\$	80,863,243	\$	(142,614,702)	\$	964,700,123	\$	66,188,369

Debt Payable-Governmental Activities

Bonds payable at June 30, 2014, are composed of the following individual issues:

<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate <u>Payable</u>	Amounts Original <u>Issue</u>	Bonds Outstanding at July 1, 2013	Issued (Retired)	Bonds Outstanding at June 30, 2014	CAB Premium and Accumulated Accretion
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2004	2.00% to 5.00%	112,080,000	31,890,000	(31,890,000)	-	-
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2004	3.25% to 5.00%	71,420,000	2,365,000	(2,365,000)	-	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2005	5.00%	56,805,000	56,805,000	(48,910,000)	7,895,000	-
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2006	4.50% to 5.75%	70,535,000	54,180,000	(2,015,000)	52,165,000	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Current Interest Bonds Series 2006	5.00% to 5.00%	121,805,000	121,805,000	_	121,805,000	
School Building Refunding Capital Appreciation Bonds Series 2006	3.52% to 4.05%	7,375,443	2,468,196	(340,415)	2,127,781	747,096
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2007	4.50% to 5.00%	76,670,000	60,610,000	(2,160,000)	58,450,000	(continued)

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Debt Payable-Governmental Activities – Continued

<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate <u>Payable</u>	Amounts Original <u>Issue</u>	Bonds Outstanding at July 1, 2013	Issued (<u>(Retired)</u>	Bonds Outstanding at June 30, 2014	CAB Premium and Accumulated Accretion
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2008	3.00% to 5.00%	58,280,000	44,945,000	(1,575,000)	43,370,000	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2008	3.25% to 4.60%	33,305,000	23,910,000	(7,435,000)	16,475,000	_
School Building Current Interest Bonds Series 2008A	5.00% to 5.25%	177,465,000	165,125,000	(4,540,000)	160,585,000	_
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2009A	4.00%	17,685,000	8,285,000	(4,060,000)	4,225,000	_
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2009B	4.04% to 6.27%	87,390,000	87,390,000	-	87,390,000	_
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2009C	1.00%	31,900,000	29,240,000	(1,330,000)	27,910,000	_
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2010	3.00% to 5.00%	108,815,000	77,575,000	(18,235,000)	59,340,000	_
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2012	2.50% to 5.00%	92,840,000	89,560,000	(3,380,000)	86,180,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2012	4.00% to 5.00%	46,115,000	46,115,000	-	46,115,000	_
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2012A	2.00% to 4.00%	27,805,000	27,805,000	(5,695,000)	22,110,000	_
School Building Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2013	4.00% to 5.00%	53,740,000	53,740,000		53,740,000	_
School Building Refunding Bonds Series 2013	4.50% to 5.00%	25,955,000	-	25,955,000	25,955,000	_
School Building Refunding Bonds Series 2014	2.63% to 3.88%	48,795,000	_	48,795,000	48,795,000	-
Totals		,,	\$ 983,813,196	\$ (59,180,415)	\$ 924,632,781	\$ 747,096

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Debt Payable-Governmental Activities – Continued

The following table summarizes the annual debt service requirements of the outstanding debt issues at June 30, 2014, to maturity:

	Bond Principal		Bond Interest			Totals
2015 2016 207 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025-2029 2030-2034	\$	65,699,776 70,410,940 75,117,065 64,610,000 58,320,000 221,945,000 175,385,000 158,805,000	\$	41,831,615 38,949,453 36,126,832 32,969,894 30,194,078 113,802,913 72,591,545 30,463,773	\$	107,531,391 109,360,393 111,243,897 97,579,894 88,514,078 335,747,913 247,976,545 189,268,773
2035-2039		34,340,000		2,708,324		37,048,324
	\$	924,632,781	\$	399,638,427	\$	1,324,271,208

During the year, the District issued \$25,955,000 Series 2013 Refunding Bonds used to refund \$28,520,000 of outstanding Series 2004 Refunding bonds. An amount of \$29,220,156 was placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments relating to the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. The net present value of the economic gain on the refunding was \$974,115. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$162,054.

During the year, the District issued \$40,795,000 Series 2014 Refunding Bonds used to refund \$48,910,000 of outstanding Series 2005 Refunding bonds. An amount of \$52,479,132 was placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments relating to the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. The net present value of the economic gain on the refunding was \$1.6 million. The net carrying amount of the reacquisition price exceeds the old debt by \$2,250,184.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Debt Payable-Governmental Activities – Continued

As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance of all defeased bonds outstanding was \$48,910,000. Original losses on refunding were \$33.9 million of which \$19.2 million is unamortized and reported in the Statement of Net Position as a reduction in the long-term debt. Unamortized bond premiums of \$35 million are reported in the Statement of Net Position as an increase in the long-term debt.

As of June 30, 2014, \$16,020,000 of bonds were authorized by bond election and not issued.

Other Long-Term Debt

<u>Arbitrage</u> - The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires issuers of tax-exempt debt to make payments to the United States Treasury of investment income received at yields that exceed the issuer's tax-exempt borrowing rates. The U.S. Treasury requires payment for each issue every five years. Arbitrage liability for tax-exempt debt subject to the Tax Reform Act issued through June 30, 2014, amounted to \$31,434.

The estimated liability is updated annually for any tax-exempt issuances or changes in yields until such time payment of the calculated liability is due.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Certain employees are entitled to receive accrued vacation pay in a lump-sum cash payment upon termination of employment with the District. The net decrease of \$65,375 over the prior fiscal year represents the recorded decrease in the liability due to employees' not using accumulated vacation pay and allowing days to accumulate. The general fund and special revenue funds are used to liquidate compensated absences.

NOTE 8. ENCUMBRANCES

At June 30, 2014, the District had encumbrances which are classified as restricted, committed or assigned in accordance with purpose constraints. Encumbrances reported in the Governmental Funds were as follows:

Function	General Fund	Capital Projects	Food Service	Federal Special Revenue	State Special Revenue	Local Special Revenue	Total	
Instruction	\$ 720,207	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,151	\$ 566,856	\$ 274,476	\$ 1,563,69	90
Instructional resources	1,955	· -	· -	Ψ 2,101	ψ 000,000 -	594	2,54	
Curriculum & instructional	.,000						_,0	
staff development	25,277	-	-	-	577	-	25,85	54
Instructional leadership	4,568	-	_	1,271	108	-	5,94	
School leadership	1,027	-	-	-	-	2,729	3,75	
Guidance, counseling &								
evaluation services	16,868	-	-	-	-	92,640	109,50	38
Health services	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Student transportation	16,350	-	-	-	-	-	16,35	50
Food services	-	-	23,208	2,943	-	4,774	30,92	25
Co-curricular/extracurricular								
activities	212,755	-	-	-	-	71,344	284,09	
General administration	24,995	-	-	-	-	1,536	26,53	31
Plant maintenance								
and operations	901,223	-	-	-	-	73,574	974,79	97
Security and								
monitoring services	190,258	-	-	-	-	-	190,25	
Data processing services	62,839	-	-	-	-	-	62,83	
Community services	5,564	-	-	-	-	-	5,56	54
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	36,719,112	_	_	_	_	36,719,11	12
		00,110,112					30,7 10,11	
Total encumbrances								
by fund type	\$ 2,183,886	\$ 36,719,112	\$ 23,208	\$ 6,365	\$ 567,541	\$ 521,667	\$ 40,021,77	/9

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District's risk management program encompasses various means of protecting the District against losses through policies with commercial insurance carriers or through self-insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous five fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation

The District maintains a self-insurance program for workers' compensation. Contributions are paid from all governmental and proprietary funds to the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund from which all claims and administrative expenses are paid. The District maintains a catastrophic loss insurance policy for catastrophic losses exceeding \$400,000 per occurrence up to statutory limit of liability.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

Workers' Compensation – Continued

An accrual for incurred but not reported claims in the amount of \$1,736,000 has been recorded in the fund as of June 30, 2014. Claims payable, including an estimate of claims incurred but not reported, was actuarially determined based on the District's historical claims experience and an estimate of the remaining liability on known claims.

Workers' Compensation Fund changes in claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	Ju	ne 30, 2014	June 30, 2013		
Claims payable, beginning of fiscal year	\$	1,682,000	\$	1,655,000	
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		1,309,077		1,566,831	
Claim payments during the year		(1,255,077)		(1,539,831)	
Claims payable, end of fiscal year	\$	1,736,000	\$	1,682,000	

Health Benefits

The District employees are eligible to purchase health insurance through TRS-Active Care which is the statewide health plan for public education employees established by the 77th Texas Legislature and is a fully insured plan administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Texas.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District funded benefit credits of \$259 per month per participating employee to the health insurance internal service fund.

The District contribution, along with the employee contribution made through payroll deduction was used to pay the premiums for the insurance plans chosen by the employee. The District also offers a flexible spending option that is administered by Flexible Benefit Administrators.

Property, Casualty, General Liability and Professional Liability

The District purchases commercial policies which include general liability, property and auto insurance. However, the District has established a self-funded internal service fund to pay the cost of deductibles associated with these insurance policies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year for any category of risk.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

Property, Casualty, General Liability and Professional Liability - Continued

The deductible for property insurance is \$100,000 with no deductible on auto insurance. In addition, the District purchases professional legal liability insurance and must pay the first \$250,000 on each liability claim. The amount of claims settlements did not exceed the insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

An accrual for incurred but not reported claims in the amount of \$51,344 has been recorded as of June 30, 2014. Property and Liability changes in claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	June	e 30, 2014	June 30, 2013		
Claims payable, beginning of fiscal year	\$	52,680	\$	53,373	
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		38,730		32,314	
Claim payments during the year		(40,066)		(33,007)	
Claims payable, end of fiscal year	\$	51,344	\$	52,680	

Unemployment

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the District opened a separate internal service fund to account for unemployment benefits. TASB Risk Management Fund bills the District quarterly for the unemployment benefits paid out by the Texas Workforce Commission.

The District maintains the self-insurance program for unemployment benefits which is funded by premiums charged to the general and special revenue funds. An accrual for incurred but not reported claims in the amount of \$288,834 has been recorded as of June 30, 2014. Changes in unemployment claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	June 30, 2014		Jur	ne 30, 2013
Claims payable, beginning of fiscal year	\$	288,834	\$	288,834
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		110,598		148,928
Claim payments during the year		(110,598)		(148,928)
Claims payable, end of fiscal year	\$	288,834	\$	288,834

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

Unemployment – Continued

The liabilities for each type of claims payable described above are expected to be liquidated within the next twelve months, and are, therefore, recorded as current liabilities.

NOTE 10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN AND RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Retirement Plan Description

The District's employees are covered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS, a public employee retirement system (PERS), is a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. It is a cost sharing PERS with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the District but are the liability of the State of Texas. By statute, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current authorized rate multiplied by the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the retirement system during that fiscal year. The District's covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2014, was \$315,425,922. For members of the retirement system entitled to the State's statutory minimum salary certain school personnel, the District pays the State's contribution on the part of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum.

Types of Employees Covered

All members of public state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under the Texas Government Code are covered by the plan.

Benefit Provisions and Service Requirements

TRS administers retirement and disability annuities and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school system of Texas. It operates primarily under the provisions of the Texas Constitution Article XVI, Section 67 and the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C, Chapter 803 and 805, respectively. Service requirements are as follows:

Normal - Age 65 with 5 or more years of service credit, or at least age 60 and the sum of member's age and years of credit equals or exceeds 80, with at least five years of service

NOTE 10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN AND RETIREE HEALTH PLAN – CONTINUED

Reduced – If a member prior to September 1, 2007, age 55 with 5 or more years of service credit, or any age below 50 with 30 or more years of credited service. If a member on or after September 1, 2007, at least age 55 with five or more years of service credit; your age and service credit total 80 but age is less than 60 with at least 5 years of service credit; or 30 years of service credit and age is less than 60.

Members are fully vested after five years of creditable service and are entitled to any benefit for which eligibility requirements have been met.

Funding Policy

State law provides for a state contribution rate of 6.8% beginning September 1, 2013 and a member contribution rate of 6.8%. The State of Texas' contribution is a percentage of members' eligible gross earnings, except for those District employees subject to the statutory minimum rules and those employees being paid from and participating in federally funded programs. The statutory minimum requirements are based on the State of Texas minimum teacher schedule and then adjusted based on local tax rates. For employees paid by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribute the state's portion.

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium pursuant to the following state funding policy: (1) the state contribution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation rate and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the system during the fiscal year, (2) a state statute prohibits benefit improvements or contribution reductions if, as a result of the particular actions, the time required to amortize TRS's unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or if the amortization period exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

NOTE 10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN AND RETIREE HEALTH PLAN – CONTINUED

Retiree Health Plan - Continued

Plan Description – Continued

TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance code, Sections 1575.202, 203 and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.00% and 0.65% of the public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55%. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee. In addition, the State of Texas contributed \$843,659 in 2014 for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D.

Contributions Made

Contributions made by the State, the District and its employees; and the District's covered payroll for the fiscal years 2014, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

		2014	2013	2012
Covered Payroll	\$	315,425,922	\$ 312,407,141	\$ 313,578,721
Contributions made by the State Retirement plan rate * Retiree health care rate Medicare Part D		19,585,196 6.80% 1.00% 843,659	17,737,213 6.40% 0.50% 1,187,557	18,254,518 6.00% 1.00% 747,517
District Required and Actual contributions to TRS & TRS - Care		5,375,842	5,059,543	4,923,152
Employee contributions to TRS & TRS - Care		20,187,185	19,994,021	18,268,172

NOTE 10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN AND RETIREE HEALTH PLAN – CONTINUED

Contributions Made – Continued

The contributions made by the State on behalf of the District have been recorded in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statement of the General Fund as both state revenues and payroll expenditures. These contributions are the legal responsibility of the State.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan and TRS-Care. This report may be obtained by contacting the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

NOTE 11. RECAPTURE PAYMENT

Intergovernmental Charges include an amount of \$36,015,750 representing recapture payments made in accordance with the state school finance law. The state school finance law has capped the amount of property value per student that can be retained by local districts at \$476,500 per student. The District's property value of \$526,946 per weighted average daily attendance is significantly higher than the state mandated limit. The amount of tax revenue generated by the excess property value over the state mandated limit is recaptured by the state. The formula for this expense is based on prior taxable value using current year tax collections and current year WADA (weighted average daily attendance). The District's recapture payment for 2013-2014 of \$34,596,944 increased \$5.2 million due to increased tax collections. Due to prior year adjustments and final settle ups, the District paid out \$1,418,806.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District received financial resources from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, subject to audit by the grantor agencies and the Texas Education Agency. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2014.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

The District is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying combined financial statements. A provision for losses has been recorded in the self-funded internal service fund to pay the cost of deductibles associated with the District's professional legal liability insurance.

The District is party to several operating leases for the rental of copier machines and portable buildings. These leases are for various terms with expiration dates through 2019. Payments under the leases for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$1,347,804. Future obligations under the leases are as follows:

2015	\$ 1,208,882
2016	1,090,435
2017	1,090,435
2018	1,085,062
2019	781,748

NOTE 13. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Service Arrangement (SSA) which provides deaf education services to member districts whose students are enrolled in the Regional Day School Program for the Deaf (RDSPD). In addition to the District, other member districts include Allen ISD, Anna ISD, Blue Ridge ISD, Celina ISD, Community ISD, Coppell ISD, Farmersville ISD, Frisco ISD, Imagine International, Lovejoy ISD, McKinney ISD, Melissa ISD, Princeton ISD, Prosper ISD, Richardson ISD and Wylie ISD.

The District, acting as the fiscal agent, receives monies from the granting agencies and administers the program. The fiscal agent is responsible for employment of personnel, budgeting, accounting and reporting. According to guidance provided in the TEA Financial Accounting Resource Guide, Update 15.0, the District has accounted for the activities of the SSA in the appropriate special revenue funds. Additionally, the SSA is accounted for using Model #2 in Section 1.3.1.6 of the Accounting and Reporting Treatment Guidance.

NOTE 13. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS - CONTINUED

According to the SSA agreement, costs incurred by the RDSPD over and above the amount of state and federal funds received shall be divided among the member districts using a weighted formula based on student services, time and distance to a school.

Expenditures billed to the SSA members as of June 30, 2014 are summarized below:

Allen ISD Anna ISD Blue Ridge ISD Celina ISD	\$ 100,166 3,893 18,499 9,468
Community ISD	4,538
Coppell ISD	9,077
Farmersville ISD	4,538
Frisco ISD	160,266
Imagine International	1,590
Lovejoy ISD	27,069
McKinney ISD	185,824
Melissa ISD	5,183
Plano ISD	732,676
Princeton ISD	22,171
Prosper ISD	21,757
Richardson ISD	284,715
Wylie ISD	 82,868
Total	\$ 1,674,298

NOTE 14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCPLES

The GASB issued Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, to improve financial reporting by clarifying the appropriate use of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to ensure consistency in financial reporting.

GASB concluded that debt issuance costs should be recognized as an outflow of resources in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

NOTE 14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCPLES - CONTINUED

The effect of the change on beginning net positions of Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities is listed below.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
Beginning Net Position, as previously reported Cummulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$	294,294,517 (3,891,090)	\$	97,517 -
Beginning Net Position, as restated	\$ 290,403,427		\$	97,517

The GASB concluded that refunding debt gain/loss, the difference resulting from a current refunding, or an advance refunding, relates to future periods, and meets the definition of a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources, as applicable.

Loss on refunding debt was previously presented as noncurrent liabilities in statement of net position. Beginning in fiscal year 2014, loss on refunding debt is presented as deferred charges on refunding under deferred outflows of resources in statement of net position. There is no effect on beginning net positions of Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities with this change.

NOTE 15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting of state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement applies to all state and governmental entities and replaces Statements 27 and 50. The District will evaluate the impact of the standard on its Financial Statements and will take the necessary steps to implement it.

The GASB issued Statement No. 69, Governmental Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, which will be effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The District will evaluate the impact of the standard on its Financial Statements and will take the necessary steps to implement it.

Teamwork for Excellence



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Teamwork for Excellence



EXHIBIT G-1

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data						riance With nal Budget
Control		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Р	ositive or
Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP BASIS)	(Negative)
REVEN	UES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 370,971,333	\$ 420,193,733	\$ 420,626,695	\$	432,962
5800	State Program Revenues	54,249,497	41,046,084	39,537,140		(1,508,944)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	2,220,236	4,920,236	4,978,648		58,412
5020	Total Revenues	427,441,066	466,160,053	465,142,483		(1,017,570)
EXPEN	DITURES:					, , , , ,
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	271,302,293	271,377,807	265,015,877		6,361,930
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	7,913,705	7,961,122	7,485,614		475,508
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	6,300,302	6,286,024	5,775,939		510,085
0021	Instructional Leadership	3,003,469	2,993,743	2,781,787		211,956
0023	School Leadership	23,276,148	23,507,440	23,253,181		254,259
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,129,940	17,401,549	17,064,567		336,982
0032	Social Work Services	930,968	945,463	913,327		32,136
0033	Health Services	4,954,224	5,141,020	4,960,459		180,561
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	12,757,667	13,274,116	12,561,104		713,012
0036	Extracurricular Activities	7,186,917	6,955,277	6,501,444		453,833
0041	General Admininstration	9,035,611	9,722,576	9,419,495		303,081
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	39,085,293	39,632,061	37,336,201		2,295,860
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	4,305,051	3,586,025	3,264,548		321,477
0053	Data Processing Services	5,398,220	5,453,028	5,064,389		388,639
0061	Community Services	839,358	839,288	731,291		107,997
	Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	86,685	86,685		-
	Intergovernmental:					
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	38,303,264	38,252,297	36,015,750		2,236,547
0092	Incremental Costs Associated with Chapter 41	600,000	600,000	600,000		-
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member District of SSA	253,000	266,365	266,365		-
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	183,000	183,000	118,232		64,768
0097	Payments to Tax Increment Fund	1,700,000	1,875,135	1,875,134		1
0099	Other Intergovermental charges	2,450,000	2,632,200	2,632,178		22
6030	Total Expenditures	456,908,430	458,972,221	443,723,567		15,248,654
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
	Expenditures	(29,467,364)	7,187,832	21,418,916		14,231,084
OTHER	FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, - ,
7915	Transfers In	9,363,767	9,297,167	2,632,288		(6,664,879)
7919	Insurance Recoveries	-	505,000	505,000		-
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	(8,276,542)	(16,989,999)	(9,545,298)		7,444,701
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,087,225	(7,187,832)	(6,408,010)		779,822
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(28,380,139)	- (, : : : , : : =)	15,010,906		15,010,906
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	154,168,523	154,168,523	154,168,523		-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 125,788,384	\$ 154,168,523	\$ 169,179,429	\$	15,010,906

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1. BUDGETS

The District is required by state law to adopt an annual budget for the General Fund, presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with GAAP. Annual budgets are also adopted for the Child Nutrition Program and the Debt Service Fund.

The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to June 30 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. A meeting of the Board of Trustees is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after giving at least ten days and up to 30 days public notice of the meeting.
- C. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Trustees.
- D. Budget data is filed with the Texas Education Agency as a part of the District's annual fall submission to the TEA Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS).

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees. The function level is the legal level of budgetary control and the object level is the administrative level of control. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment crossing the function level must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year-end, as dictated by law.

Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Board approval is not required for amendments by department heads that move monies within a function. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board of Trustees. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ITEMS

Budget Amendments

During the year, numerous budget amendments are approved by the Board in order to redistribute the budget to align specific amounts to meet projected actual expenditures.

The Board also approves appropriations of fund balance to meet budgetary needs that may arise after the original budget is approved.

Significant changes between the original and final budgets in the General Fund include the following:

Type of Revenue/Expenditure	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budget Amendments
Total Local and Intermediate Sources	370,971,333	420,193,733	49,222,400
State Revenues	54,249,497	41,046,084	(13,203,413)
Federal Program Revenues	2,220,236	4,920,236	2,700,000
Security and Monitoring Services	4,305,051	3,586,025	(719,026)

The budget for Local and Intermediate Revenues was increased \$49 million to reflect the increased property values and the increased tax rate after the passing of the Tax Rate Election.

The adopted budget for State Revenues was decreased to account for the change in state formula revenue of \$10.5M and by \$2.7M to move SHARS revenue from state to federal revenue.

The adopted budget for Federal Revenues was increased by \$2.7M to move SHARS revenue from state to federal revenue.

The Security and Monitoring budget was decreased due to a reorganization of the security department and the change from contracted services for repair of equipment to repairs by District personnel.

Excess Expenditures

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund indicates no areas with an excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Teamwork for Excellence



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Teamwork for Excellence



PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control	ı	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Fin	iance With al Budget ositive or
Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP BASIS)	(1)	legative)
REVEN 5700	UES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 118,343,397	\$ 101,203,078	\$ 101,402,995	\$	199,917
5020	Total Revenues	118,343,397	101,203,078	101,402,995		199,917
EXPEN	DITURES:					
	9ebt Service:					
0071	Debt Service - Principal on Long Term Debt	74,405,405	56,160,405	56,610,000		(449,595)
0072	Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt	45,584,319	44,081,226	43,631,630		449,596
0073	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	100,000	389,075	308,170		80,905
6030	Total Expenditures	120,089,724	100,630,706	100,549,800		80,906
	Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures PERMANCING SOURCES (USES):	(1,746,327)	572,372	853,195		280,823
7911	Refunding Bonds Issued	-	74,750,000	74,750,000		-
7915	Transfers In	80,000	80,000	160,440		80,440
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	5,672,938	5,672,938		-
8949	Payment to Bond Escrow Agent		(81,699,288)	(81,699,288)		-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	80,000	(1,196,350)	(1,115,910)		80,440
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,666,327)	(623,978)	(262,715)		361,263
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	35,187,738	35,187,738	35,187,738		
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 33,521,411	\$ 34,563,760	\$ 34,925,023	\$	361,263

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

			240		289		379
Data			National	Otl	ner Federal	Othe	er Federal
Control		Bro	eakfast and		Special	SSA	A Special
Codes		Lun	ch Program	Rev	venue Funds Revenue		nue Funds
ASSETS		Φ.	7 000 705	Φ.	40.504	Φ.	0.000
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	7,626,795	\$	18,524	\$	2,299
1240	Due from Other Governments		253,702		3,452,683		40,003
1250 1290	Accrued Interest Other Receivables		1,221 164,844		-		-
1300	Inventories		181,117		-		-
1410	Prepaid Expenditures		101,117		-		-
1410	Frepaid Experiditures						
1000	Total Assets	\$	8,227,679	\$	3,471,207	\$	42,302
LIABILIT	TES AND FUND BALANCES:						
	iabilities:						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	43,848	\$	13,068	\$	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		303,928		2,078,284		34,448
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		1,367,065		7,854
2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenues		731,001		12,790		
2000	Total Liabilities		1,078,777		3,471,207		42,302
			.,		3, 11 1,201		,
F	und Balances:						
N	Ion Spendable						
3410	Investments in Inventory		181,117		-		-
3430	Prepaid Expenditures		-		-		-
	Restricted						
3450	Food Services		6,967,785		-		-
3450	State Special Revenue		-		-		-
	Committed						
3545	Local Special Revenue		-		<u> </u>	-	
3000	Total Fund Balances		7,148,902				
4000	Total Liabilities						
4000	and Fund Balances	\$	8,227,679	\$	3,471,207	\$	42,302
			•		•		•

	410 structional Materials Allotment	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		;	459 Other SSA Special Revenue Funds		499 Other Local Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	1,060,012 42,746 - - - -	\$	188,956 17,608 - - - -	\$	82,504 467,662 - - -	\$	9,551,066 - 499 1,082 - 4,226	\$	18,530,156 4,274,404 1,720 165,926 181,117 4,226
φ	1 100 750	φ	206 564	ф	EEO 166	ф	0 556 972	ф	22 157 540
\$	1,102,758	\$	206,564	\$	550,166	\$	9,556,873	\$	23,157,549
\$	- - - - 42,746 42,746	\$	3,617 3,398 12,415 - - 19,430	\$	8,908 541,258 - - - - 550,166	\$	127,879 171,943 - 3,340 61,248 364,410	\$	197,320 3,133,259 1,387,334 3,340 847,785 5,569,038
	- -		- -		- -		- 4,226		181,117 4,226
	- 1,060,012		- 187,134		-		-		6,967,785 1,247,146
	1,000,012		107,107						1,271,170
	-						9,188,237		9,188,237
	1,060,012		187,134				9,192,463		17,588,511
\$	1,102,758	\$	206,564	\$	550,166	\$	9,556,873	\$	23,157,549

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control Codes		 240 National eakfast and nch Program	S	289 er Federal special nue Funds	379 Other Federal SSA Special Revenue Funds	
REVEN	UES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 13,669,465	\$	52,846	\$	-
5800	State Program Revenues	557,943		-		-
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 9,396,031		16,616,375		292,673
5020	Total Revenues	 23,623,439		16,669,221		292,673
EXPEN	DITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	-		12,474,098		212,276
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	-		-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-		1,160,218		-
0021	Instructional Leadership	-		442,628		-
0023	School Leadership	-		-		-
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	-		902,656		60,397
0032	Social Work Services	-		-		-
0033	Health Services	-		189,011		-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	-		66,859		-
0035	Food Services	22,352,188		20,096		-
0036	Extracurricular Activities	-		47,879		20,000
0041	General Administration	63,848		18,603		-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	757,075		47,189		-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	-		9,037		-
0053	Data Processing Services	-		-		-
0061	Community Services	-		822,411		-
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	500,000		-		-
li	ntergovernmental:					
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	 -		732,676		
6030	Total Expenditures	23,673,111		16,933,361		292,673
1100 E	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
	Expenditures	 (49,672)		(264,140)		-
	FINANCING SOURCES:					
7915	Transfers In	 39,500		264,140		-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources	 39,500		264,140		
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(10,172)				
	<u> </u>	, ,		-		-
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	 7,159,074				
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 7,148,902	\$	_	\$	

N	410 Instructional Materials Allotment		429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	459 Other SSA Special Revenue Funds		499 Other Local Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	56,216 7,078,047 -	\$	- 56,713 -	\$ 319,036 3,715,883 -	\$	10,806,931 - -	\$	24,904,494 11,408,586 26,305,079
	7,134,263		56,713	4,034,919		10,806,931		62,618,159
	6,637,967 - -		9,021 88 28,345	3,738,506 - 10,437		2,954,679 104,404 275,696		26,026,547 104,492 1,474,696
	- - -		- 2,310 -	144,672 - 40,342		467 575,766 148,560 1,099		587,767 578,076 1,151,955 1,099
	- - -		- - -	- - -		52,225 697 109,653		241,236 67,556 22,481,937
	- - 1,476		- - -	13,082 - -		5,177,634 139,215 355,411 147,738		5,258,595 221,666 1,161,151 156,775
	- - -		34,777 -	87,880 -		410,518 5,304		410,518 950,372 500,000
				 				732,676
	6,639,443		74,541	 4,034,919		10,459,066		62,107,114
	494,820		(17,828)	 		347,865		511,045
		_	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		222		303,862
	<u>-</u>		-	 <u> </u>		222		303,862
	494,820 565,192		(17,828) 204,962	 - -		348,087 8,844,376		814,907 16,773,604
\$	1,060,012	\$	187,134	\$ 	\$	9,192,463	\$	17,588,511

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget	
Control		Budgeted	Amounts	(-	Positive or	
Codes		Original Final			(Negative)	
REVEN						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 14,057,920	\$ 14,057,920	\$ 13,669,465	\$ (388,455)	
5800	State Program Revenues	526,000	526,000	557,943	31,943	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	9,735,365	9,796,765	9,396,031	(400,734)	
5020	Total Revenues	24,319,285	24,380,685	23,623,439	(757,246)	
EXPEN	DITURES:					
0035	Food Services	24,167,152	24,799,761	22,352,188	2,447,573	
0041	General Administration	120,012	120,012	63,848	56,164	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,028,068	805,100	757,075	48,025	
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		500,000	500,000		
6030	Total Expenditures	25,315,232	26,224,873	23,673,111	2,551,762	
1100	Deficiency of Revenues Under					
	Expenditures	(995,947)	(1,844,188)	(49,672)	1,794,516	
OTHER	FINANCING SOURCES					
7915	Transfers In		44,684	39,500	(5,184)	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources		44,684	39,500	(5,184)	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(995,947)	(1,799,504)	(10,172)	1,789,332	
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	7,159,074	7,159,074	7,159,074		
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 6,163,127	\$ 5,359,570	\$ 7,148,902	\$ 1,789,332	

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	_								Total Nonmajor
		nployee	After School		_				Enterprise
	Ch	ild Care		Care	Concessions		Pho	otography	Funds
ASSETS:									
Current Assets:	_		_		_		_		
Cash and Investments	\$	69,122	\$	40,019	\$	87,444	\$	41,563	\$ 238,148
Accrued Interest		-		6		14		-	20
Other Receivables		-		387,378		-		-	387,378
Prepaid Expenditures		1,122		-					1,122
Total Current Assets	_	70,244		427,403		87,458		41,563	626,668
Noncurrent Assets:									
Capital Assets:									
Furniture and Equipment		-		-		5,445		-	5,445
Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment						(5,445)			(5,445)
Total Noncurrent Assets	_								
Total Assets		70,244		427,403		87,458		41,563	626,668
LIABILITIES:									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable		734		57,547		_		_	58,281
Accrued Wages Payable		69,510		48,442		_		_	117,952
Unearned Revenues				321,414					321,414
Total Liabilities		70,244		427,403					497,647
NET POSITION:									
Unrestricted Net Position						87,458		41,563	129,021
Total Net Position	\$		\$		\$	87,458	\$	41,563	\$ 129,021

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Employee	After School			Total Nonmajor Enterprise
	Child Care	Care	Concessions	Photography	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,273,771	\$ 7,541,683	\$ 227,834	\$ 56,374	\$ 9,099,662
Total Operating Revenues	1,273,771	7,541,683	227,834	56,374	9,099,662
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Payroll Costs	1,014,087	3,694,647	94,313	41,999	4,845,046
Professional and Contracted Services	57,678	21,963	4,886	-	84,527
Supplies and Materials	43,766	93,600	77,914	6	215,286
Other Operating Costs	103,838	1,156,174	33,586		1,293,598
Total Operating Expenses	1,219,369	4,966,384	210,699	42,005	6,438,457
Operating Income	54,402	2,575,299	17,135	14,369	2,661,205
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments		2,587			2,587
Total Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)		2,587			2,587
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	54,402	2,577,886	17,135	14,369	2,663,792
Transfers Out	(54,402)	(2,577,886)			(2,632,288)
Change in Net Position	-	-	17,135	14,369	31,504
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)			70,323	27,194	97,517
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,458	\$ 41,563	\$ 129,021

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		ployee Id Care	A	fter School Care	Coi	ncessions	Pho	otography	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								<u> </u>	
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Suppliers Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(1	,273,771 ,009,904) (104,485) (103,838)	\$	7,513,864 (3,686,620) (130,010) (1,156,174)	\$	227,834 (94,313) (81,530) (34,856)	\$	56,523 (41,999) (6)	\$ 9,071,992 (4,832,836) (316,031) (1,294,868)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		55,544		2,541,060		17,135		14,518	2,628,257
CASH FLOW FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out		(54,402)		(2,577,886)					(2,632,288)
Net Cash Used for Non-Capital Financing Activities		(54,402)		(2,577,886)					(2,632,288)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Interest and Dividends on Investments		-		47,329 2,597		27,551 1		8,012 6	82,892 2,604
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities				49,926		27,552		8,018	85,496
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		1,142		13,100		44,687		22,536	81,465
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		67,980		12,990		12,299		4,698	97,967
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		69,122		26,090		56,986		27,234	179,432
Temporary Investment Not in Cash Equivalents				13,929		30,458		14,329	58,716
Cash on Statement of Net Position	\$	69,122	\$	40,019	\$	87,444	\$	41,563	\$ 238,148
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current	\$	54,402	\$	2,575,299	\$	17,135	\$	14,369	\$ 2,661,205
Assets and Liabilities Decrease (increase) in Receivables Decrease (increase) in Prepaid Expenses Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable Increase (decrease) in Unearned Revenues		- 4 (3,045) 4,183		(27,927) - (14,447) 8,027 108		- - - -		149 - - - -	(27,778) 4 (17,492) 12,210 108
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	55,544	\$	2,541,060	\$	17,135	\$	14,518	\$ 2,628,257

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		752	753		
	Pri	nt Shop	Health Benefits		
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	11,165	\$	1,383,513	
Accrued Interest		2		222	
Other Receivables		51,692		-	
Unearned Expenses		-		338,894	
Total Current Assets		62,859		1,722,629	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Furniture and Equipment		14,944		-	
Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment		(10,461)			
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,483			
Total Assets		67,342		1,722,629	
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable		15,307		685	
Accrued Wages Payable		13,089		-	
Accrued Expenses		-		84,830	
Due To Other Funds		38,906			
Total Liabilities		67,302		85,515	
NET POSITION:					
Investments in Capital Assets		4,483		-	
Unrestricted Net Position		(4,443)		1,637,114	
Total Net Position	\$	40	\$	1,637,114	

EXHIBIT H-8

772 Workers' mpensation	Une	773 employment	775 Sign	786 nsurance Claims	Total Internal
elf-Funded		elf-Funded	Shop	If-Funded	rvice Funds
			-		
\$ 2,917,944 467	\$	1,052,427 169	\$ 329,928 60	\$ 320,644 51	\$ 6,015,621 971
<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	51,692 338,894
2,918,411		1,052,596	329,988	320,695	6,407,178
- -		- -	16,430 <u>-</u>	- -	31,374 (10,461)
			16,430		20,913
2,918,411		1,052,596	 346,418	320,695	 6,428,091
-		19,224	-	12,819	48,035
1,736,000 -		288,834 -	 - - -	51,344 -	13,089 2,161,008 38,906
 1,736,000		308,058		64,163	2,261,038
- 1,182,411		- 744,538_	16,430 329,988	- 256,532	20,913 4,146,140
\$ 1,182,411	\$	744,538	\$ 346,418	\$ 256,532	\$ 4,167,053

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		752	753
	Pı	rint Shop	Health Benefits
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Local and Intermediate Services	\$	1,322,520	\$ 34,964,277
Total Operating Revenues		1,322,520	 34,964,277
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Payroll Costs		314,434	323,444
Professional and Contracted Services		678,534	138,889
Supplies and Materials		384,402	7,168
Other Operating Costs		1,494	34,988,662
Total Operating Expenses		1,378,864	35,458,163
Operating Income (Loss)		(56,344)	(493,886)
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments Insurance Recovery		- -	-
Total Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)			_
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(56,344)	(493,886)
Transfers In			500,000
Change in Net Position		(56,344)	6,114
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)		56,384	1,631,000
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$	40	\$ 1,637,114

EXHIBIT H-9

	772	77	3	775		786		
	Workers'					surance		Total
	mpensation elf-Funded	Unemplo Self-Fu	-	Sign Shop		Claims f-Funded	80	Internal rvice Funds
- 36	en-runaea	Seii-ru	mueu	Snop	Sei	i-runaea	Se	TVICE FUIIGS
\$	2,068,018	\$		\$ 7,297	\$		\$	38,362,112
	2,068,018			7,297				38,362,112
	449,229		-	-		-		1,087,107
	1,037,200		-	-		48,680		1,903,303
	32,922		-	2,058		2,869		429,419
	424,032		114,875	-				35,529,063
	1,943,383		114,875	2,058		51,549		38,948,892
	124,635	((114,875)	5,239		(51,549)		(586,780)
	4,850		1,624	643		639		7,756
	-		-	-		13,419		13,419
	4,850		1,624	643		14,058		21,175
	129,485	((113,251)	5,882		(37,491)		(565,605)
	_							500,000
	129,485	((113,251)	5,882		(37,491)		(65,605)
	1,052,926		857,789	340,536		294,023		4,232,658
\$	1,182,411	\$	744,538	\$ 346,418	\$	256,532	\$	4,167,053

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		752		753
	_			Health Benefits
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Pı	rint Shop	S	elf-Funded
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Insurance Claims		1,312,634 (312,240)	\$	34,964,277 (323,444) (7,811)
Cash Payments for Suppliers Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(1,048,363)		(146,643) (37,438,051)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(47,969)		(2,951,672)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfer In Insurance Proceeds		-		500,000
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities				500,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of Capital Assets Sale of Capital Asset		- 11,166		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used by) Capital and Related Financing Activities		11,166		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Securities Interest and Dividends on Investments		35,758 8		2,684,747 594
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		35,766		2,685,341
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		(1,037)		233,669
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		8,360		669,180
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		7,323		902,849
Temporary Investment Not in Cash Equivalents		3,842		480,664
Cash on Statement of Net Position	\$	11,165	\$	1,383,513
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(56,344)	\$	(493,886)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities Depreciation Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current		1,494		-
Assets and Liabilities Decrease (increase) in Receivables		(48,792)		-
Decrease (increase) in Prepaid Expenses Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		- 14,573 2,194		4,844 (2,454,233)
Increase (decrease) in Accided Wages Payable Increase (decrease) in Due to Other Funds Increase (decrease) in Accided Expenses		38,906		(8,397)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(47,969)	\$	(2,951,672)

EXHIBIT H-10

	772	773	775		786		
Con	Vorkers' npensation f - Funded	employment elf-Funded	Sign Shop	(surance Claims f-Funded	Se	Total Internal ervice Funds
\$	2,068,018 (450,381) (1,255,077) (177,087) (105,851)	\$ - - (110,598) - -	\$ 7,297 - - (2,058)	\$	- - (40,066) - -	\$	38,352,226 (1,086,065) (1,413,552) (1,374,151) (37,543,902)
	79,622	 (110,598)	 5,239		(40,066)		(3,065,444)
	- - -	- - -	- - -		13,419 13,419		500,000 13,419 513,419
	<u>-</u>		 (16,430)				(16,430) 11,166
	-	 	 (16,430)		_		(5,264)
	1,325,073 4,904	593,048 1,702	166,471 655		174,635 662		4,979,732 8,525
	1,329,977	594,750	167,126		175,297		4,988,257
	1,409,599	484,152	155,935		148,650		2,430,968
	494,509	 202,654	 59,421		60,527		1,494,651
	1,904,108	686,806	215,356		209,177		3,925,619
	1,013,836	365,621	 114,572		111,467		2,090,002
\$	2,917,944	\$ 1,052,427	\$ 329,928	\$	320,644	\$	6,015,621
\$	124,635	\$ (114,875)	\$ 5,239	\$	(51,549)	\$	(586,780)
	-	-	-		-		1,494
	-	-	-		-		(48,792)
	- (97,861)	- 4,277	-		- 12,819		4,844 (2,520,425)
	(1,152)	-	-		-		1,042
	- 54,000	 - -	 - -		- (1,336)		38,906 44,267
\$	79,622	\$ (110,598)	\$ 5,239	\$	(40,066)	\$	(3,065,444)

EXHIBIT H-11

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	ı	Balance July 1 2013	Additions	n	eductions	_	Balance June 30 2014
STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS:		2013	 Additions		eductions		2014
Assets:							
Cash and Temporary Investments Accrued Interest	\$	306,707 37	\$ 155,047 <u>-</u>	\$	169,520 10	\$	292,234 27
Total Assets	\$	306,744	\$ 155,047	\$	169,530	\$	292,261
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable Due to Student Groups	\$	601 306,143	\$ 167,589 155,046	\$	168,074 169,044	\$	116 292,145
Total Liabilities	\$	306,744	\$ 322,635	\$	337,118	\$	292,261
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS: Assets:							
Cash and Temporary Investments Other Receivables	\$	186,751 332	\$ 899,384 -	\$	937,028 97	\$	149,107 235
Total Assets	\$	187,083	\$ 899,384	\$	937,125	\$	149,342
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable Due to Other Groups	\$	- 187,083	\$ 938,845 898,604	\$	936,345 938,845	\$	2,500 146,842
Total Liabilities	\$	187,083	\$ 1,837,449	\$	1,875,190	\$	149,342
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS: Assets:							
Cash and Temporary Investments Accrued Interest Other Receivables	\$	493,458 37 332	\$ 1,054,431 - -	\$	1,106,548 10 97	\$	441,341 27 235
Total Assets	\$	493,827	\$ 1,054,431	\$	1,106,655	\$	441,603
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable Due to Student Groups Due to Other Groups	\$	601 306,143 187,083	\$ 1,106,434 155,046 898,604	\$	1,104,419 169,044 938,845	\$	2,616 292,145 146,842
Total Liabilities	\$	493,827	\$ 2,160,084	\$	2,212,308	\$	441,603

REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY REPORT SECTION

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Tax R	lates	Ass	essed/Appraised	В	Beginning
Last 10 Years			V	alue for School		Balance
Ended June 30	Maintenance	Debt Service		Tax Purposes	Jı	uly 1, 2013
2005 & PRIOR	1.5000	0.2334	\$	27,901,712,003	\$	1,008,621
2006	1.5000	0.2334		28,921,415,823		564,798
2007	1.5000	0.2484		30,665,981,311		520,787
2008	1.3300	0.2484		32,254,750,285		408,441
2009	1.0200	0.2634		34,847,134,028		543,721
2010	1.0400	0.2884		33,530,843,785		714,485
2011	1.0400	0.3134		33,730,477,447		643,962
2012	1.0400	0.3334		33,679,153,618		986,264
2013	1.0400	0.3334		33,895,714,519		3,816,896
2014	1.1700	0.2830		35,508,818,530		
1000	Totals				\$	9,207,975
9000 - Portion of F	Row 1000 for Taxes P	aid				
into Tax Increment	Zone Under Chapte	r 311, Tax Code			\$	_

EXHIBIT J-1

Current Year's Total Levy		ntenance llections		ebt Service Collections	A	Entire Year's adjustments	Ju	Ending Balance ine 30, 2014
F0C 0C0 F00	\$	28,777 15,366 18,930 18,320 140,637 174,860 122,787 160,222 1,188,581	\$	4,272 2,391 3,535 4,461 35,619 48,490 37,002 51,364 381,031	\$	(414,589) (107,239) (73,617) (65,417) 416,084 550,509 444,048 271,106 (984,104)	\$	560,983 439,802 424,705 320,243 783,549 1,041,644 928,221 1,045,784 1,263,180
\$ 506,969,500 \$ 506,969,500		09,507,174 11,375,654	\$	100,440,133	\$	7,662,574 7,699,355	\$	4,684,767 11,492,878
\$ -		1,875,134 g Balance 6/3 County Educa		 14 District Taxes Ro	eceivab	le	\$	11,492,878 464
		-		Receivable 6/30/				11,493,342
	Gener	Reserve for Ur al Fund Service Fund	ncolle	ectible Taxes:				(3,587,870) (892,265)
	Net De	elinquent Bala	ince (6/30/2014			\$	7,013,207

Teamwork for Excellence



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This section of the Plano Independent School District's comprehensive annual financial reportpresents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well - being have changes over time.	99
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	103
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.	104
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	113
Operational Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and activities it performs.	116

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Teamwork for Excellence



PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

							Fiscal Year	Year						
	2005	2006		2007		2008		2009	20	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental Activities: Net Investment in capital assets	\$ (14,497)	\$ (6,937)	\$ (2)	6,177	↔	10,868	↔	13,461	ر ج	26,482	\$ 41,667	\$ 74,007	\$ 97,719	\$ 120,499
Restricted	28,740	29,922	2	29,741		34,644		35,000	2	29,443	29,387	27,478	26,912	29,242
Unrestricted	131,166	146,159	6	160,607		158,432	_	150,549	14	146,015	164,593	180,777	169,663	180,980
Total Governmental Net Assets	\$ 145,409	\$ 169,144	1 11	\$ 196,525	\	203,944	\$	199,010	\$ 20	201,940	\$235,647	\$ 282,262	\$294,294	\$ 330,721
Business Type Activities: Net Investment in capital assets	e \$	↔	2	2	↔	~	↔	•	↔			• 9	↔	. ↔
Restricted														
Unrestricted	13	_	16	32		(31)		33		19	12	46	86	129
Total Business Type Activities	\$ 16	↔	18	34	↔	(30)	s	33	↔	19	\$ 12	\$ 46	\$ 98	\$ 129
Total Primary Government: Net Investment in capital assets	\$ (14,494)	\$ (6,935)	\$ (5)	6,179	↔	10,869	↔	13,461	ر ج	26,482	\$ 41,667	\$ 74,007	\$ 97,719	\$ 120,499
Restricted	28,740	29,922	2	29,741		34,644		35,000	2	29,443	29,387	27,478	26,912	29,242
Unrestricted	131,179	146,175	5	160,639		158,401	_	50,582	14	146,034	164,605	180,823	169,761	181,109
Total Primary Government	\$ 145,425	\$ 169,162	S	196,559	\	203,914	\$	199,043	\$ 20	201,959	\$235,659	\$282,308	\$294,392	\$330,850

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

								Fisca	l Yea	ır										
		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																	_		_	
Instruction	\$	247,607	\$	253,458	\$	273,019	\$	299,557	\$	309,070	\$	314,910	\$	318,948	\$	306,009	\$	308,433	\$	316,344
Instructional Resources & Media Services		10,843		11,052		11,527		10,104		9,650		9,104		9,511		8,278		8,761		8,882
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development		6,040		6,378		7,432		8,764		8,733		9,046		9,638		8,165		8,252		7,440
Instructional Leadership		3,318		3,657		3,783		3,775		4,018		4,275		4,147		3,652		3,652		3,383
School Leadership		19,443		20,731		20,703		22,575		23,368		23,860		24,110		23,056		23,870		24,812
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		13,637		14,128		15,170		16,329		17,390		18,222		18,272		17,093		18,353		18,481
Social Work Services		1,054		1,118		1,246		1,266		1,320		1,205		1,082		819		868		914
Health Services		3,614 7,790		3,821 7.951		4,163 8,918		4,620 10.903		4,629 8,968		4,992 11.352		5,111 7,378		5,024 11.881		5,145 9.373		5,306 14,222
Student (Pupil) Transportation				16.700		18.056		19,304		19.686		21,279		22.352		23.671		23.900		24,492
Food Services Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		16,304 7.297		7.703		8,196		8.482		9,240		9,272		9,122		8.795		14.104		13.817
		9,239		10,264		10,715		11,468		9,240 8,774		10,007		9,122		8,862		9,864		9,803
General Administration		38,091		39,629		42,957		43,518		43,944		43,660		43,993		42,655		43,143		39,577
Plant Maintenance & Operations		2,349		2,582		2,651		2,944		2,955		2,792		2,245		3,462		3,505		
Security & Monitoring Services Data Processing Services		7,896		7,483		8,161		2,944 8,384		7,550		8,163		5,272		6,496		5,318		3,390 5,332
Community Services		5,612		6,118		6,193		1,220		1,553		1,985		2,245		2,336		2,097		1,826
Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt		30,354		32,887		35,720		37,533		42,373		47,343		43,932		43,019		41,082		38,771
Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		814		184		150		134		132		34		490		45,019		33		308
Facilities Acquisition & Construction		10,853		10,705		13.232		13,569		25,792		23,492		23,308		15,960		18,431		13,684
Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		127,293		132.999		125,383		81,036		91,421		34,752		28,998		39,584		24.960		36,016
Incremental Costs Associated with Chapter 41		676		760		838		650		600		600		20,990		600		600		600
Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		466		536		509		719		740		709		834		634		755		999
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		127		103		137		158		155		132		103		90		212		118
Payments to Tax Increment Fund		4,828		5,266		5,312		4,601		4.834		4.441		8.912		2.594		2.978		1,875
Other Intergovernmental Charges		4,020		5,200		3,312		4,001		2.200		2,248		2,450		2,394		2,378		2.632
Other intergovernmental Charges										,										
Total governmental activities expenses	_	575,546		596,214		624,171	_	611,613	_	649,095		607,875		602,137		585,017		580,077	_	593,024
Business-type activities:																				
Employee Child Care		-		-		-		-		31		694		714		752		1,194		1,219
After School Care		-		-		-		-		5,455		5,040		4,932		4,804		4,814		4,966
Concessions		120		128		137		162		328		213		243		223		231		211
Photography		-		-		-		-		-		58		41		55		44		42
Total business-type activities expenses		120		128		137	_	162	_	5,814		6,005		5,930		5,834		6,283		6,438
Total primary government expenses	\$	575,666	\$	596,342	\$	624,308	\$	611,775	\$	654,909	\$	613,880	\$	608,067	\$	590,851	\$	586,360	\$	599,462
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for Services:																				
Instruction	\$	5,350	\$	4,330	\$	5,048	\$	5,272	\$	4,381	\$	4,357	\$	4,367	\$	4,433	\$	3,889	\$	3,761
Food Service		11,312		11.014		11.247		11,680		12,341		12,614		12,682		12,931		13,013		13.659
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,006		1,732		1,516		1,482		1,401		1,552		1,425		1,468		1,554		1,612
Plant Maintenance & Operations		1,052		1,207		1,152		1,539		1,122		878		928		935		957		979
Community Services		6,546		6,584		7,052		145		76		81		81		61		33		11
Other		197		644		315		612		269		183		144		124		150		142
Operating Grants and Contributions		37,570		46,477		48,736		53,350		56,502		77,525		86,767		61,521		62,621		68,323
Capital Grants and Contributions		2,312		1,932		293		-		-		-		615		11,500		-		-
Total governmental activities program revenues		65,345		73,920	_	75,359		74,080	_	76,092		97,190	=	107,009	_	92,973	_	82,217	=	88,487
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
Employee Child Care		-		-		-		11		531		687		726		776		1,095		1,273
After School Care		-		_		-		7,462		7,144		6,956		6,960		7,074		7,207		7,542
Concessions		141		139		176		262		239		199		234		252		262		228
Photography		-		-		_				-		48		43		60		64		56
Total business-type activities program revenues		141		139	_	176		262	=	7,914		7,890	_	7,963		8,162		8,628		9,099
Total primary government program revenues	\$	65,486	\$	74,059	\$	75,535	\$	74,342	\$	84,006	\$	105,080	\$	114,972	\$	101,135	\$	90,845	\$	97,586
Net (Expense) Revenue																				
Governmental activities	\$	(510,201)	\$	(522,294)	\$	(548,812)	\$	(537,533)	\$	(573,002)	\$	(510,685)	\$	(495,128)	\$	(492,045)	\$	(497,860)	\$	(504,537)
Business-type activities	Ψ	13	Ψ	(322,234)	φ	(340,612)	Ψ	1,921	φ	1.904	Ψ	1.885	φ	2,033	φ	2.328	φ	2.345	φ	2.661
Total primary government net expense	\$	(510.188)	S	(522,292)	\$	(548,798)	\$	(535.612)	\$	(571,098)	\$	(508,800)	\$	(493,095)	\$	(489,717)	\$	(495,515)	\$	(501.876)
. San Printery Severiment net exhense	Ψ	(010,100)	Ÿ	(022,232)	Ų	(070,100)	Ψ	(000,012)	Ψ	(01 1,000)	Ψ	(000,000)	φ	(400,000)	Ψ	(400,111)	Ψ	(400,010)	Ψ	(301,010)

EXHIBIT S-2 (Cont.)

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fis	Fiscal Year																	
		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	"	2010		2011	2012	"]	2013	7	2014
Net (Expense) Kevenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	↔	(510,201) 13	↔	(522,294)	↔	(548,812) 14	↔	(537,533)	↔	(573,002) 1,904	⇔	(510,685) 1.885	↔	(495,128) 2.033	\$ (492,045) 2,328	⇔	(497,860) 2.345	\$	(504,537)
Total primary government net expense	↔	(510,188)	↔	(522,292)	↔	(548,798)	မှာ	(535,612)	↔	(571,098)	€	(508,800)	€	(493,095)	\$ (489,717)	9	(495,515)	\$	(501,876)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:																			
Taxes	•		•	1	•		•	1	•	1	•		•			•			
Property taxes levied for general purposes	∌	420,601	₽	435,617	.	409,133	€	333,528	₽	352,709	:	349,563	:	339,532	344,781	€	351,218	.>	412,190
Unrestricted grants and contributions		27.500				64 836		105 742		106 017		56.590		75.038	71.575		38 658		25 148
Investment earnings		8,154				17,681		15,715		9,415		1,488		2,068	760		868		623
Miscellaneous		5,317		4,916		7,901		5,008		6,815		5,344		5,011	6,551		1,987		2,687
Insurance recovery						,		,				•		•	•		•		
Gain (Loss) on disposition of capital assets		1,778						,		•		•		723	'		•		
Transfers								2,054		1,867		1,908		2,043	2,298		2,296		2,632
Total governmental activities		529,538		546,029		576,934		544,952		568,068		513,615		528,835	538,659		509,892	1	544,855
Business-type activities:																			
Investment earnings		(E)		_		_		89		56		10		က	4		2		2
Transfers						'		(2,054)		(1,867)		(1,908)		(2,043)	(2,298)		(2,296)		(2,632)
Total business-type activities		(1)		-				(1,986)		(1,841)		(1,898)		(2,040)	(2,294)		(2,294)		(2,630)
Total primary government	s	529,538	↔	546,031	↔	576,935	s	542,966	↔	566,227	\$	511,717	s	526,795	\$ 536,365	\$	507,598	\$	542,225
Change in Net Position																			
Governmental activities	છ	19,337	↔	23,735	↔	28,122	↔	7,419	\$	(4,934)	↔	2,930	↔	33,707	\$ 46,615	↔	12,032	↔	40,318
Business-type activities	ŀ	13		د ا	-	91	-	(69)		63		(13)			1	ŀ	25		31
Total primary government	⋻	19,350	₽	23,738	S)	28,137	₽	7,354	₽	(4,871)	s)	2,917	₽	33,700	\$ 46,648	₽	12,084	₽	40,349

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	7	2014
General Fund: Nonspendable Reserved	- 1.027	\$ 2.241	\$ 2.308	\$ 2.127	\$ 2.506	\$ 2.620	\$ 2,610	\$ 2,703	\$ 2,121	↔	2,044
Assigned	, ,	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			- 12	2,182	1,935	19,870		12,884
Unreserved designated Unassigned	4,000	0, 133	0,410	0,045	067,0	707,0	147,394	160,919	132,178	_	- 154,251
Unreserved	108,486	114,930	125,947	122,252	116,608	126,838			1		
Total general fund	\$114,199	\$123,304	\$135,673	\$131,222	\$ 127,364	\$ 133,215	\$ 152,186	\$ 165,557	\$ 154,169	\$	169,179
All Other Governmental Funds:											
Nonspendable	, ⇔	,	•	, ⇔	, ⇔	•	\$ 284	\$ 290	\$ 211	↔	185
Reserved	239	239	258	204	193	285	1	•	1		
Restricted											
Debt Service	•	•	•	•	•	•	37,435	35,999	35,188		34,925
Capital Projects	1	•	1	1	•	•	80,981	130,444	112,315		64,007
Food Service	1	1	1	1	•	1	8,217	7,185	6,952		6,968
Federal Special Revenue	•	•	•	•	•	•	7	•	•		
State Special Revenue	•	•	1	•	•	•	365	818	770		1,247
Committed	•	•	1	1	1	•	5,840	6,772	8,840		9,189
Unreserved designated	73	75	06	292	71,676	77,783	1	1	1		
Unreserved, reported in											
Special revenue funds	5,647	6,867	8,397	9,382	9,610	12,538	•	•	1		
Capital projects funds	99,977	113,855	98,234	999'68	102,660	115,331	1	1	•		,
Debt service fund	37,544	36,920	39,184	40,718	45,614	39,320	•	•	'		
Total all other governmental funds	\$143,480	\$157,956	\$ 146,163	\$ 140,538	\$ 229,753	\$ 245,257	\$ 133,129	\$ 181,508	\$ 164,276	\$	116,521
Total governmental funds	\$257,679	\$281,260	\$ 281,836	\$271,760	\$ 357,117	\$378,472	\$ 285,315	\$347,065	\$ 318,445	\$	285,700

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Federal sources: Federal grants Food services Total federal sources	\$ 13,077 4,459 17,536	\$ 17,936 4,940 22,876	\$ 16,275 5,349 21,624	\$ 16,810 6,015 22,825	\$ 18,199 6,363 24,562	\$ 38,120 7,496 45,616	\$ 48,515 8,008 56,523	\$ 20,571 8,355 28,926	\$ 23,114 8,963 32,077	\$ 21,888 9,396 31,284
State sources: State education finance program State grants and other Total state sources	38,341 6,175 44,516	36,256 6,641 42,897	79,568 8,419 87,987	123,519 8,697 132,216	124,349 10,234 134,583	75,535 9,582 85,117	91,954 9,908 101,862	87,367 12,190 99,557	50,928 5,285 56,213	39,537 11,409 50,946
Local sources: Ad valorem taxes Food service sales Interest and other income Other revenue Total local sources	486,790 11,390 8,154 24,090 530,424	504,216 11,025 13,479 22,921 551,641	487,970 11,246 18,750 25,631 543,597	416,042 11,909 16,255 16,832 461,038	445,420 12,340 9,028 15,747 482,535	448,529 12,611 1,434 15,757 478,331	446,091 12,721 1,644 15,765 476,221	457,022 12,929 767 30,330 501,048	466,582 13,012 872 21,529 501,995	512,921 13,661 635 19,886 547,103
Total revenues	\$ 592,476	\$617,414	\$ 653,208	\$616,079	\$641,680	\$ 609,064	\$634,606	\$629,531	\$ 590,285	\$ 629,333

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, EXPENDITURES AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	4
Expenditures:											
Instruction & Instructional-Related Services	\$ 252,250	\$257,275	\$277,297	\$ 300,195	\$ 306,772	\$312,619	\$318,959	\$ 299,009	\$297,559	\$ 305,	,883
Instructional & School Leadership	22,377	23,893	23,937	25,679	26,329	26,602	27,383	25,802	26,397	27,	,200
Support Services - Student	46,699	48,392	52,174	57,044	58,956	60,036	62,054	61,800	68,701	71,	71,203
Administrative Support Services	9,002	9,832	10,438	11,283	8,786	8,812	8,948	8,625	9,408	́о	9,641
Support Services - Nonstudent	43,379	45,330	50,027	49,445	49,366	49,887	50,344	49,626	50,233	47,	47,394
Ancillary Services	5,641	6,138	6,187	1,204	1,424	1,987	2,128	2,227	1,965	←	1,682
Debt Service - Principal on long-term debt	32,600	39,485	45,880	48,480	50,860	58,918	58,165	67,180	70,215	56,	,610
Debt Service - Interest on long-term debt	32,904	35,172	36,000	38,747	39,361	48,048	48,354	47,692	45,878	43,	43,632
Debt Service - Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	814	320	269	397	1,861	1,077	749	413	317		308
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	58,465	61,717	95,844	66,346	96,498	118,296	113,055	59,496	78,151	57,	57,645
Intergovernmental Charges 1	133,390	139,664	132,180	87,164	99,950	42,882	41,741	45,749	31,894	42,	42,240
Total Expenditures	\$637,521	\$667,218	\$730,533	\$ 685,984	\$ 740,163	\$729,164	\$731,880	\$667,619	\$680,718	663,	663,438
Capital Expenditures	\$ 47,911	\$ 52,526	\$ 85,689	\$ 53,887	\$ 77,375	\$103,874	\$ 99,845	\$ 47,012	\$ 66,635	\$ 46,	46,794
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.1%	12.1%	12.7%	13.8%	13.6%	17.1%	16.9%	18.5%	18.9%	#	16.3%

¹ Intergovernmental charges include: Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools, Incremental Costs Associated with Chapter 41 (2004 first year) Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA, Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg., Payment to Tax Increment Fund (2001 first year), and Appraisal District Costs (2009 first year). The Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools increased due to increases in tax revenue as a result of increases in appraised property values.

EXHIBIT S-6

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (45,045)	\$ (45,045) \$ (49,804)	\$ (77,325)	\$ (69,905)	\$ (98,483)	\$ (120,100)	\$ (97,274)	\$ (38,088)	↔	(90,433)	\$ (34,105)
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers In	4,494	4,955	6,731	9,247	7,446	7,222	5,129	4,087		3,085	11,838
Transfers Out	(4,494)	(4,955)	(7,331)	(7,192)	(5,580)	(4,694)	(3,086)	(2,589)		(1,588)	(9,706)
Bonds issued	71,420	70,535	76,670	58,280	179,999	136,975	•	92,840		53,740	
Refunding bonds issued	56,805		129,180	33,305		•	108,815	46,115		27,805	74,750
Premiums on bonds issued	000'6	2,821	4,496	2,488	1,747	1,952	14,304	14,023		8,903	5,673
Payment to bond refunding agent	(62,938)		(131,106)	(36,299)		•	(122,845)	(54,638)		(30, 132)	(81,699)
Insurance Proceeds				•	•	•	•	•		•	202
Sale of capital assets	2,035	29				•	1,800	•		•	•
Capital leases	•	•		•	228	•	1	•		•	
Total other financing sources (uses)	76,322	73,385	78,640	59,829	183,840	141,455	4,117	99,838		61,813	1,361
Net change in fund balances	\$ 31,277	\$ 31,277 \$ 23,581	\$ 1,315	\$ (10,076)	\$ 85,357	\$ 21,355	\$ (93,157)	\$ 61,750	\$	(28,620)	\$ (32,744)

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Total	District Rate ¹	1./334	1.7334	1.5784	1.2684	1.3034	1.3284	1.3534	1.3734	1.3734	1.4530
Total	Assessed Value	27,901,712	28,921,416	30,665,981	32,254,750	34,847,134	33,530,844	33,730,477	33,679,154	33,895,715	35,976,394
	Less: Exemptions	2,170,478	2,189,452	2,137,133	2,695,648	1,897,202	3,738,307	3,918,693	3,635,864	4,561,327	4,719,339
	Personal Property	2,356,902	2,234,944	2,389,513	2,583,357	2,981,489	3,052,462	3,391,275	3,536,560	3,750,946	4,087,705
ne	Rural Acreage	597,633	563,882	523,206	517,748	541,191	700,169	646,338	615,144	608,232	655,944
Actual Value	Industrial Property	6,674,985	7,119,236	7,693,125	8,527,170	9,137,863	12,895,711	12,377,934	12,645,545	13,582,588	14,580,038
	Residential Property	20,442,670	21,192,806	22,197,270	23,322,123	24,083,793	20,620,809	21,233,623	20,517,769	20,515,276	21,372,046
'	Fiscal Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

Source: Comptroller of Public Accounts - School District Summary Worksheet

¹ Per \$100 of assessed value.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		ı				0	Overlapping Rates 1	Rates 1						
District Direct Rates	atí	sə			Collin Co.									
Debt			City of		Community	City of	City of	City of	City of	City of	City of	City of	City of	City of
Service	a	Total	Plano	County	College (CCCC)	Allen	Carrollton	Dallas	Garland	Lucas	Murphy	Parker	Richardson	Wylie
0.2334	½	1.7334	0.4535	0.2500	9060.0	0.5600	0.5993	0.7197			0.4683	0.2820	0.5252	
0.2334	34	1.7334	0.4535	0.2500	0.0894	0.5600	0.5993	0.7417			0.4683	0.2820	0.5252	
0.2484	84	1.5784	0.4535	0.2500	0.0877	0.5580	0.6329	0.7292			0.4683	0.3771	0.5752	
0.2484	84	1.2684	0.4735	0.2450	0.0870	0.5570	0.6179	0.7479			0.4683	0.3771	0.5752	
0.2634	34	1.3034	0.4735	0.2425	0.0865	0.5560	0.6179	0.7479			0.5183	0.3771	0.5752	
0.2884	384	1.3284	0.4735	0.2425	0.0863	0.5550	0.6179	0.7970	0.7046	0.3742	0.5384	0.3771	0.5752	0.8989
0.3134	134	1.3534	0.4886	0.2400	0.0863	0.5540	0.6176	0.7970	0.7046	0.3742	0.5650	0.3371	0.6352	0.8989
0.3	0.3334	1.3734	0.4886	0.2400	0.0863	0.5530	0.6179	0.7970	0.7046	0.3742	0.5650	0.3771	0.6352	0.8989
0.3	0.3334	1.3734	0.4886	0.2400	0.0863	0.5520	0.6179	0.7970	0.7046	0.3742	0.5700	0.3771	0.6352	0.8889
0	0.2830	1.4530	0.4886	0.2375	0.0836	0.5500	0.6179	0.7970	0.7046	0.3207	0.5700	0.3509	0.6352	0.8839

¹ Includes levies for operating and debt service

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		2014			2005	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	 Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Value	 Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Value
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	\$ 264,690,044	1	0.74 %	\$ 221,461,549	1	0.79 %
Health Care Service Corporation	211,520,075	2	0.59	-		-
Bank of America, NA	176,622,431	3	0.49	-		-
JCPenney Co Inc.	154,094,721	4	0.43	156,221,693	2	0.56
Willow Bend Assoc LP	142,581,631	5	0.40	104,400,000	6	0.37
Bank of America, NA	140,315,067	6	0.39	-		-
Legacy Campus, LP	126,045,001	7	0.35	-		-
Cisco Systems Sales & Service Inc	115,958,112	8	0.32	77,401,880	9	0.28
HSP of Texas, Inc.	114,469,428	9	0.32	75,647,315	10	0.27
KBSIII Legacy Town Center, LLC	113,067,926	10	0.31	-		-
EDS Information Services LLC				110,205,885	3	0.39
Electronic Data Systems Corp				134,647,392	4	0.48
DSC Telecom LP				106,501,641	5	0.38
Countrywide Funding Corp.				102,991,114	7	0.37
Dallas Morning New LP	 			86,809,729	8	0.31
Total	\$ 1,559,364,436	;	3.60 %	\$ 1,176,288,198		3.42 %

Total Taxable Value \$35,976,394,282 \$27,901,712,003

Source: Collin County Tax Assessor Collector

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		ادونادان	Ü	Supplements	Ė	Total Adinated		Collected Within the	hin the		والمرائموا		Total Collections to Date	0 0 0 0 0 0
Fiscal		Amount	no	pplements	=	Levy for		riscal real of	Percentage	໌.⊆	oollections in Subsequent		I Otal Collection	Percentage
Year		Levied	ပိ	Corrections		Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy
2005	↔	488,501,853	↔	1,468,617	↔	489,970,470	↔	482,923,224	66	\$ %	6,486,263	↔	489,409,487	% 68.66
2006		506,379,142		1,804,641		508,183,783		498,938,497	66		8,805,484		507,743,981	99.91
2007		489,387,533		742,569		490,130,102		482,508,116	66		7,197,281		489,705,397	99.91
2008		419,159,205		(646,268)		418,512,937		412,176,374	86		6,016,320		418,192,694	99.92
2009		454,874,791		(6,863,835)		448,010,956		441,638,332	26		5,589,075		447,227,407	99.83
2010		438,406,394		12,390,596		450,796,990		445,745,911	102		4,009,435		449,755,346	72.66
2011		449,546,631		(1,163,624)		448,383,007		444,404,742	66		3,050,044		447,454,786	62'66
2012		455,730,380		1,426,239		457,156,619		453,398,398	66		2,712,437		456,110,835	72.66
2013		459,422,353		6,300,800		465,723,153		461,906,257	101		2,553,716		464,459,973	99.73
2014		506,969,500		7,662,574		514,632,074		509,947,307	101				509,947,307	60.66

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollars in thousands, except per capita) (Unaudited)

								Gross Bonded		Net Bonded		
		Governm	Governmental Activities	es	Total	Resources	Net Bonded	Debt as %	Gross Bonded	Debt as % of	Net Bo	Net Bonded
Fiscal	اعًا	Unlimited	Loans	Capital	Primary	Restricted for	Debt	of Personal	Debt	Assessed	Debt	bt
Year	Tax	Tax Bonds ²	Payable	Leases	Government	Debt Service	Outstanding	Income 1	Per Capita	Value	Per Capita	apita
2005	↔	788,839	· ₩	· \$	\$ 788,839	\$ 24,710	\$ 764,129	%2	\$ 2,481	2.77%	↔	2,403
2006		820,099	1		820,099	24,869	795,230	%2	2,551	2.75		2,474
2007		836,333	1		836,333	24,755	811,578	%9	2,629	2.65		2,552
2008		844,133	ı	ı	844,133	28,440	815,693	%9	2,636	2.53		2,547
2009		973,392	ı	108	973,500	28,528	944,972	%6	3,028	2.79		2,939
2010		1,051,948	ı	ı	1,051,948	21,598	1,030,350	10%	3,247	3.07		3,180
2011		990,778	ı	ı	980,417	20,886	959,531	10%	2,992	2.84		2,928
2012		1,017,461	ı	ı	1,017,461	20,002	997,459	10%	3,120	2.96		3,059
2013		1,003,044	1	ı	1,003,044	19,753	983,291	%6	3,083	2.90		3,022
2014		947,389	ı	,	947,389	20,846	926,543	%8	2,750	2.73		2,690

Note: ¹ Refer to Exhibit S-14 for per capita personal income information.
² Unlimited Tax Bond equals GO Bonds Payable plus Accreted Interest plus Loss on Advanced Refunding less Premium on Bond Issuance

EXHIBIT S-12

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Unit	Gro	oss Bonded Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable	_	D	Stimated Share of irect and verlapping Debt
City of Plano ¹	\$	324,416	86.10	%	\$	279,322
Collin County Community College 1		37,460	44.08			16,512
Collin County ²		391,410	45.18			176,839
City of Allen ²		97,535	3.94			3,843
City of Carrollton ¹		164,049	0.52			853
City of Dallas ²		1,547,228	4.16			64,365
City of Garland ¹		202,499	0.19			385
City of Lucas ¹		6,060	4.93			299
City of Murphy ¹		22,630	71.99			16,291
City of Parker ¹		3,140	74.98			2,354
City of Richardson ¹		269,945	38.90			105,009
City of Wylie ¹		80,605	0.31			250
Subtotal, overlapping debt						666,322
District gross bonded debt						925,380
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$	1,591,702

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit. Data for calculation of overlapping percentages was provided by Collin County Appraisal District and Dallas County Appraisal District.

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the district. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the district.

¹ Reported as of entity's fiscal year end 2013.

² Reported as of entity's fiscal year end 2014.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable To Limit		Legal Debt Margin	Applic as a	otal Net Debt able to the Limit Percentage of Debt Limit
2005	\$ 2,790,171	\$ 724,765	\$	2,065,406		25.98 %
2006	2,892,142	757,188		2,134,954		26.18
2007	3,066,598	791,397		2,275,201		25.81
2008	3,225,475	797,795		2,427,680		24.73
2009	3,381,040	923,350		2,457,690		27.31
2010	3,353,084	1,007,770		2,345,314		30.06
2011	3,373,048	942,981		2,430,067		27.96
2012	3,367,915	966,485		2,401,430		28.70
2013	3,389,572	949,362		2,440,210		28.01
2014	3,550,882	890,455		2,660,427		25.08
	Legal Debt Ma	rgin Calculation for	Fiscal \	ear 2014		
	Total bonded d	of assessed value) ebt or retirement of debt e to limit	\$	925,380 34,925	\$ 	35,508,819 3,550,882 890,455 2,660,427

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	(in	Personal Income thousands)	P	r Capita ersonal ncome	Unemploymer Rate	nt -
2005	317,993	\$	11,683,250	\$	36,741	4.40	%
2006	321,423		12,490,424		38,860	4.60	
2007	318,073		13,726,042		43,154	3.90	
2008	320,292		15,064,839		47,035	4.30	
2009	321,502		10,299,677		32,036	7.40	
2010	323,965		10,541,298		32,538	7.50	
2011	327,653		9,984,522		30,473	7.60	
2012	326,061		10,403,381		31,906	6.70	
2013	325,383		10,934,607		33,605	6.00	
2014	344,470		11,384,568		33,050	5.00	

Sources: Population estimates were provided by the District with the exception of 2010 which was obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau.

Personal income figures were obtained from the U.S Census Bureau. Unemployment rates were provided by the Texas Workforce Commission.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO
(Unaudited)

	Percentage Of Total District	Employment	% -	3.26		ı	3.30	2.23	ı	4.42	2.61	ı	5.82	3.75	2.82	2.61	2.10	26.65 %
2006	P P	Rank Er		2			4	6		2	7		_	က	9	80	10	
		Employees	,	3,756		1	3,800	2,568	1	5,080	3,000	1	6,700	4,311	3,240	3,000	2,418	37,873
	Percentage Of Total District	Employment	5.36 %	5.62	3.02	3.02	2.01	1.87	1.78	1.68	1.68	1.51						25.28 %
2014		Rank	~	7	က	4	2	9	7	_∞	<u></u>	10						
		Employees	8,000	6,470	4,500	4,500	3,000	2,790	2,650	2,500	2,500	2,250						39,160
		Employer	Bank of America Home Loan	Plano ISD	Capital One Finance	HP Enterprise Services	J. C. Penney, Inc.	City of Plano	Ericcsson	Alcatel-Lucent	Frito-Lay	Dell Services	Electronic Data Systems	Perot Systems	Shops at Willow Bend	Countrywide Home Loans	Collin Creek Mall	Total

Sources:

Texas Workforce Commission provided total labor force numbers - 2014 (154,934); 2005 (134,088) Plano Economic Development Corporation provided 2014 Principal Employers. 2006 data from PISD 2006 CAFR

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

											Percent
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Change 2005 - 2014
Instruction											
Teachers	3,761	3,801	3,855	4,003	4,067	3,942	4,011	3,822	3,813	3,825	2 %
Librarians	29	69	99	70	71	20	73	71	71	71	9
Educational Aides	674	899	750	648	661	629	622	580	573	559	(17)
Interpreters	15	12	15	17	12	13	6	12	13	17	13
Other Professionals (instructional)	119	128	132	138	156	141	162	159	153	159	34
	4,636	4,678	4,818	4,875	4,967	4,796	4,877	4,643	4,623	4,631	(0)
Campus Administration											
Principal	63	29	29	89	89	89	71	71	72	72	41
Assistant Principal	82	83	85	87	06	88	92	87	88	92	12
Instructional Officer	9	9	80	80	80	10	10	10	10	80	33
Athletic Director	•	•	•	•	•	•	2	3	က	3	300
	151	156	160	163	166	167	175	171	173	175	16
Student Services											
Counselor	138	142	145	143	147	146	152	138	143	146	9
Educational Diagnostician	27	27	28	29	29	30	32	30	30	33	22
School Nurse	89	70	70	72	72	72	73	73	71	71	4
LSSP/Psychologist	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	13	12	(8)
Social Worker	80	80	6	6	10	10	6	8	8	6	13
	254	260	265	266	272	273	279	263	265	271	7
Support and Administration											
Superintendent, Deputy, Assoc. & Assistant	80	80	80	7	7	7	7	2	9	9	(25)
Non-Campus Professionals	198	204	213	208	211	223	223	216	222	224	13
Auxiliary Staff	1,435	1,450	1,146	1,375	1,216	1,301	1,342	1,239	1,250	1,219	(15)
	1,641	1,662	1,366	1,590	1,434	1,531	1,572	1,460	1,478	1,449	(12)

Source: Fall Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) Submissions with full-time equivalent employees as of the last Friday in October.

6,839

6,894

6,608

6,756

6,682

Total

Notes: Full-time instructional employees of the district are employed for 189 contract days. Campus Administrators and Student Services employees are primarily employed for 220 days. Central administrative and non-campus professional staff are employed for 246 days. Auxiliary staff are employed on an hourly basis with daily hours worked ranging from 8 hours to 4 hours.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced-Price Meals	19 %	21	19	21	22	25	26	27	28	59
Pupil Teacher Ratio	13.9	14.0	13.7	13.4	13.3	13.9	13.9	14.6	14.5	14.3
Teaching Staff	3,760	3,801	3,855	4,003	4,067	3,942	4,011	3,822	3,813	3,825
Percentage Change	% 66.6	1.56	7.72	4.31	1.13	0.38	1.82	(6.22)	2.63	2.55
Cost Per Pupil	7,362	7,477	8,055	8,402	8,497	8,529	8,684	8,143	8,357	8,570
Expenditures Excluding Recapture	\$ 385,449,406 \$	398,076,567	426,882,506	451,030,359	460,557,493	468,562,031	482,558,989	453,254,176	461,196,436	469,814,931
Percentage Change	6.83 %	1.86	4.46	(4.89)	2.75	(10.04)	0.48	(3.81)	(0.51)	4.74
Cost Per Pupil	\$ 9,793	9,975	10,421	9,911	10,184	9,161	9,206	8,855	8,810	9,227
Operating Expenditures ²	\$ 512,742,554	531,075,643	552,265,959	532,066,841	551,978,466	503,313,863	511,557,078	492,837,819	486,157,034	505,830,681
Enrollment 1	52,356	53,238	52,997	53,683	54,203	54,939	55,570	55,659	55,185	54,822
Fiscal	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

¹ Enrollment is as of the October reporting date to TEA through the Public Education Information System (PEIMS).
² Operating expenditures are total governmental fund expenditures less debt service and capital projects.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TEACHER BASE SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary	Maximum Salary	District Average Salary	Statewide Average Salary
2005	\$ 37,150	\$ 63,426	\$ 43,006	\$ 41,011
2006	38,000	64,528	43,952	41,744
2007	41,250	67,092	46,945	44,897
2008	43,149	69,736	48,712	46,178
2009	44,251	71,122	49,669	47,158
2010	45,100	72,358	52,375	48,263
2011	46,150	72,358	51,741	48,639
2012	46,700	73,637	51,579	46,361
2013	46,700	73,637	52,245	48,821
2014	48,501	74,503	52,399	49,692

Sources:

Plano ISD 2013-2014 Compensation Plan Book TEA PEIMS Standard Reports

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Schools: Elementary Buildings Square Feet Enrollment	——————————————————————————————————————	42 2,926,668 24,811	43 3,045,516 24,550	43 3,084,444 24,730	44 3,194,580 24,658	44 3,204,030 25,005	44 3,234,785 24,941	44 3,253,327 24,721	44 3,301,493 24,406	44 3,350,490 24,107
Middle School Buildings Square Feet Enrollment	12 1,805,997 12,055	12 1,805,997 12,048	12 1,805,997 12,103	12 1,814,967 12,151	12 1,817,526 12,476	13 1,970,926 12,459	13 1,979,618 12,640	13 1,980,339 12,706	13 1,980,339 12,730	13 1,980,339 12,621
High School Buildings Square Feet Enrollment	5 1,126,915 7,833	5 1,126,915 7,984	5 1,233,936 7,889	5 1,233,939 7,977	5 1,233,939 7,936	5 1,274,402 8,191	5 1,275,730 8,414	6 1,572,843 8,433	7 1,679,897 8,435	7 1,679,897 8,496
Senior High School Buildings Square Feet Enrollment	3 1,252,658 6,869	3 1,252,658 7,071	3 1,252,658 7,132	3 1,272,129 7,290	3 1,272,150 7,429	3 1,328,045 7,440	3 1,369,618 7,604	3 1,369,618 7,806	3 1,458,754 7,872	3 1,458,754 7,937
Early Childhood Schools Buildings Square Feet Enrollment ¹	3 147,683 1,385	3 147,683 1,267	3 147,683 1,261	3 147,683 1,435	3 156,458 1,704	3 156,458 1,844	3 156,458 1,971	3 156,458 1,993	3 156,458 1,742	3 156,458 1,661
Total Schools Buildings Square Feet Enrollment	65 7,259,921 52,356	65 7,259,921 53,181	66 7,485,790 52,935	66 7,553,162 53,583	67 7,674,653 54,203	68 7,933,861 54,939	68 8,016,209 55,570	69 8,332,585 55,659	70 8,576,941 55,185	70 8,625,938 54,822

EXHIBIT S-19 (Cont.)

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Other PISD Facilities:	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Other Educational Facilities - Buildings Square Feet	3 97,775	3 97,775	3 97,775	3 97,775	4	4	5 246,246	4 246,246	149,820 ²	5 149820
Administrative Buildings Square Feet	5 211,866	5 211,866	6 223,271	6 223,271	6 223,271	6 223,271	6 223,271	6 223,271	6 204,199	6 204199
Facility Services Buildings Square Feet	4 142,389	4	4 142,389	4	4	4	4	4	4 148,662	4
Athletics Stadiims	Œ	Œ	Œ	C	c	C	Œ	œ	c	Œ
Running Tracks	ာတ	ာတ	ာတ	ာတ	ာတ	ာတ	10	10	10	10
Tennis Courts	20	20	20	20	20	21	22	22	21	21
Softball Fields	2	2	2	က	က	က	4	4	4	4
Baseball Fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	80	80	80	80
Indoor Athletic Fields	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	3	က	က

Teamwork for Excellence



REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND FEDERAL AWARDS

Teamwork for Excellence





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Plano Independent School District Plano, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plano Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and

Plano Independent School District

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accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Ween and Didwer do

Dallas, Texas November 4, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees Plano Independent School District Plano, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Plano Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Plano Independent School District

Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Ween and Didweg dos

Dallas, Texas November 4, 2014

EXHIBIT K-1

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	FEDERAL CFDA	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING	FEDERAL	
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXP	ENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Direct Funding U.S. Department of Defense	40,000		Ф	225 620
Junior ROTC Program	12.000		\$	235,628
Total Direct Funding U.S. Department of Defense				235,628
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				235,628
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through State Department of Education				
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	13-610101043910		87,546
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	14-610101043910		4,590,327
Total Title I - Part A Cluster	01.010/1	11 01010101010	-	4,677,873
				.,0,0.0
Title IV IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	13-6600010439106600		412,938
Title IV IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	14-6600010439106600		8,367,063
Title IV IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.027	13-6610010439106610		5,152
Title IV IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.027	14-6610010439106610		270,006
SSA - IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027	14-6600020439106673		207,160
SSA - IDEA - Part B, Deaf	84.027	14-6600010439106601		65,397
SSA - IDEA - Part B, Preschool Deaf	84.173	14-6610010439106611		12,262
Total Special Education Cluster				9,339,978
Vocational Education - Basic Grant	84.048	13-420006043910		2,719
Vocational Education - Basic Grant	84.048	14-420006043910		354,077
Total Vocational Education				356,796
SSA - IDEA, Part C - Early Intervention (Deaf)	84.181A	14-3911010439103911		7,854
Title III, Language Instruction LEP	84.365	13-671001043910		129,249
Title III, Language Instruction LEP	84.365	14-671001043910		747,792
Total Title III				877,041
ESEA Title II, Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	13-694501043910		85,806
ESEA Title II, Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	14-694501043910		736,251
Total Title II, Part A				822,057
				(continued)

EXHIBIT K-1

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Title IV Part A Summer School LEP	84.369	14-69550502	84,594
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			 16,166,193
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			 16,166,193
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Direct Funding U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Head Start	93.600	CH6042/40	863,488
Head Start	93.600	CH6042/41	62,080
Total Head Start Cluster			925,568
Medicaid Administrative Claim Program	93.778	14-043910	89,950
Total Direct Funding U.S. Department of Health and Human	1,015,518		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	3		 1,015,518
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	14-043910	1,542,675
National School Lunch Program	10.555	14-043910	6,681,628
Commodity Food Distribution	10.555	14-043910	1,171,728
Summer Feeding Program	10.559	14-043910	 20,761
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			9,416,792
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			9,416,792
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			 9,416,792
	\$ 26,834,131		
			(Concluded)

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

1. The District utilizes the fund types specified in the Texas Education Agency Financial Accountability System Resource Guide.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state awards generally are accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified grant periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- 3. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Statement Provisional 6/97.
- 4. The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refund of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2014 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

5. The following table reconciles total expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit K-1) to Federal Program Revenues per Exhibit C-3:

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 26,834,131
Reimbursements received from the Federal School Health and Related Services	2,776,427
Rebates received from the Federal Government for Build America Bonds	1,673,169
Total Federal Program Revenues per Exhibit C-3	\$ 31,283,727

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

Fir	nancial Statements	
a.	An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial stat	rements.
b.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes <u>X</u> No
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are no considered a material weakness? 	t Yes <u>X</u> None reported
C.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted.	Yes <u>X</u> No
Ma	ajor Programs	
d.	Internal control over major programs:	
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes <u>X</u> No
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are no considered a material weakness? 	t Yes <u>X</u> None reported
e.	An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance for n	najor programs.
f.	Any audit findings disclosed that were required to be reported under Section 510(a) or OMB Circular A-133.	Yes <u>X</u> No
g.	Identification of major programs:	
	Head Start Special Education Cluster Title I, Part A Cluster	93.600 84.027, 84.173 84.010A
h.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs.	<u>\$805,024</u>
i.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee.	XYesNo

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with *Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards*.

	None									
III.	Findings Described	Questioned f Above	Costs	for	Federal	Awards	Including	Audit	Findings	as

None

PLANO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

IV.	 Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To 	Be Reported in
	Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards	

None

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